Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT Installation Handbook 2019

Electric Floor Warming System with Integrated Uncoupling Technology
Ceramic and stone tiles are the ideal surface coverings because they are durable, easy to maintain, and hygienic. However, two common barriers to the selection of tile as a floor covering are concerns about cracking and the perception that tiles are cold.

Floor warming systems are a growing trend in tile applications, but none address concerns about cracking. A viable installation system must address the magnified fluctuations in temperature that contribute to increased shear stresses between the substrate and the tile covering. Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT integrates customizable, comfortable electric floor warming with the functions associated with DITRA: uncoupling, waterproofing, vapor management and support to ensure a long lasting installation. DITRA-HEAT is primarily intended to warm tile floors and make them more comfortable underfoot, but can contribute to space heating.

DITRA-HEAT combines the flexibility of loose heating cables with the ease of installation of mat systems. Cables can be placed wherever heat is desired, without creating height differences in the floor. Self-leveling compounds are not required to encapsulate the cables, significantly reducing installation time and effort compared to uncoupling membranes over other electric floor warming systems.

**Uncoupling**

Tile has been successfully installed for thousands of years by incorporating an uncoupling layer, or forgiving shear interface, within the tile assembly. DITRA-HEAT provides uncoupling through its geometric configuration, which allows for in-plane movement that effectively neutralizes the differential movement stresses between the substrate and the tile, thus eliminating the major cause of cracking and delaminating of the tiled surface.

**Waterproofing**

DITRA-HEAT provides reliable waterproofing. Its polypropylene composition protects the substrate from moisture penetration, which is particularly important in today’s building environment where most substrates are moisture sensitive.

**Vapor Management**

The free space on the underside of DITRA-HEAT provides a route for excess moisture and vapor to escape from the substrate that could otherwise cause damage to the tile covering above. Thus, DITRA-HEAT effectively manages moisture beneath the tile covering.

**Support/Load Distribution**

When placed on a solid foundation, columns or pillars can support tremendous loads. The same physical principle applies to DITRA-HEAT installations. Column-like mortar structures are formed in and between the studs on the surface of the matting. Loads are transferred from the tile covering through these column-like mortar structures to the substrate. Since DITRA-HEAT is virtually incompressible within the tile assembly, the advantages of uncoupling are achieved without sacrificing point load distribution capabilities.

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**Legend**

★★★★★ Essential
★★★★ Significant
★★★ Helpful

Schluter®-Systems’ written installation instructions shall have precedence over referenced industry standard guidelines and installation procedures insofar as referenced information may contain overlapping or conflicting requirements. Type, thickness, and format of the ceramic or stone tile surface covering must be suitable for the intended application.
Every substrate presents unique challenges

All wood materials, including OSB, plywood, and framing members, are subject to expansion, contraction, bending, and deflection as a result of changes in moisture content and loading. Further, these deformations fluctuate over the life of the building structure.

The uncoupling function of DITRA-HEAT protects the ceramic or stone tile covering from the aforementioned deformations by neutralizing the differential movement stresses between the wood structure and the tile, thus eliminating the major cause of cracking and delaminating of the tiled surface. Therefore, DITRA-HEAT can replace a second layer of plywood in most applications.

Since wood structures are sensitive to moisture, the DITRA-HEAT membrane’s waterproofing function adds an essential element to the flooring assembly by providing simple, effective, and permanent moisture protection.

Wood continually absorbs and releases moisture. The free space beneath the DITRA-HEAT membrane allows the wood to breathe and provides a route for any residual moisture in the wood substrate to escape.

Since DITRA-HEAT is virtually incompressible within the tile assembly, the advantages of uncoupling are achieved without sacrificing point load distribution capabilities.

By addressing all of the challenges associated with today’s fast, lightweight construction methods, DITRA-HEAT provides a durable installation system for ceramic and stone tile over wood substrates.

DITRA-HEAT combines the flexibility of loose heating cables with the ease of installation of mat systems. Cables can be placed wherever heat is desired, without creating height differences in the floor. Self-leveling compounds are not required to encapsulate the cables, significantly reducing installation time and effort compared to uncoupling membranes over other electric floor warming systems.

Floors, Interior - Ceramic or Porcelain Tile

16" (406 mm) o.c. joist spacing, single layer OSB or plywood subfloor

Areas of Application
- over any even and structurally sound OSB or plywood subfloor with 16" (406 mm) o.c. joist spacing
- interior dry or wet areas

Limitations
- minimum 2" x 2" (50 mm x 50 mm) tile
- for natural stone, see detail DH-W-S (page 6) and natural stone discussion (page 33)

Requirements
- maximum spacing of joists, l-joists, or floor trusses is 16" (406 mm) o.c.
- minimum subfloor thickness – 19/32", 5/8" nom. (16 mm) tongue-and-groove with 1/8" (3 mm) gap between sheets.

Substrate Preparation
- verify that subfloor panels are properly fastened to framing members.
- any leveling of the subfloor must be done prior to installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO.

Movement Joints
- DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO do not eliminate the need for movement joints, including perimeter joints, within the tiled surface. Movement joints must be installed in accordance with industry standards and norms; see page 13 of this Handbook, TCNA EJ171, and TTMAC 301 MJ.

Setting and Grouting Materials
- modified thin-set mortar - ANSI A118.11
- unmodified thin-set mortar – ANSI A118.1
- grout – ANSI A118.3, A118.6, A118.7, A118.8

Setting and Grouting Specifications
- tile – ANSI A108.5
- grout – ANSI A108.6, A108.9, A108.10

Other Considerations
- tightly butted and/or tented plywood or OSB seams must be addressed prior to installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO.
- vapor barrier on crawl space floors according to regional building codes.
- where a waterproof floor is required, all DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO seams and floor/wall transitions must be sealed with KERDI-BAND using Schluter SET®, Schluter ALL-SET®, Schluter FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar; see page 12.
DH-W19-T-19

Ceramic or porcelain tile
Schluter ® SET®, Schluter ® ALL-SET®, Schluter ® FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar

DITRA-HEAT or DITRA-HEAT-DUO uncoupling membrane and heating cables
Schluter ® ALL-SET®, Schluter ® FAST-SET®, or modified thin-set mortar

Single layer of plywood or OSB
Joists, l-joists, or trusses

Areas of Application
- over any even and structurally sound OSB or plywood subfloor with 19.2" (488 mm) o.c. joist spacing
- interior dry or wet areas

Limitations
- minimum 2" x 2" (50 mm x 50 mm) tile
- for natural stone, see detail DH-W-S (page 6) and natural stone discussion (page 33)

Requirements
- maximum spacing of joists, l-joists, or floor trusses is 19.2" (488 mm) o.c.
- minimum subfloor thickness – 23/32", 3/4" nom. (19 mm) tongue-and-groove with 1/8" (3 mm) gap between sheets.

Substrate Preparation
- verify that subfloor panels are properly fastened to framing members.
- any leveling of the subfloor must be done prior to installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO.

Movement Joints
- DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO do not eliminate the need for movement joints, including perimeter joints, within the tiled surface. Movement joints must be installed in accordance with industry standards and norms; see page 13 of this Handbook, TCNA EJ171, and TTMAC 301 MJ.

Setting and Grouting Materials
- modified thin-set mortar - ANSI A118.11
- unmodified thin-set mortar – ANSI A118.1
- grout – ANSI A118.3, A118.6, A118.7, A118.8

Setting and Grouting Specifications
- tile – ANSI A108.5
- grout – ANSI A108.6, A108.9, A108.10

Other Considerations
- tightly butted and/or tented plywood or OSB seams must be addressed prior to installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO.
- vapor barrier on crawl space floors according to regional building codes.
- where a waterproof floor is required, all DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO seams and floor/wall transitions must be sealed with KERDI-BAND using Schluter ® SET®, Schluter ® ALL-SET®, Schluter ® FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar; see page 12.

DH-W24-T-19

Ceramic or porcelain tile
Schluter ® SET®, Schluter ® ALL-SET®, Schluter ® FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar

DITRA-HEAT or DITRA-HEAT-DUO uncoupling membrane and heating cables
Schluter ® ALL-SET®, Schluter ® FAST-SET®, or modified thin-set mortar

Double layer of plywood or OSB
Joists, l-joists, or trusses

Areas of Application
- over any even and structurally sound double layer OSB or plywood floor
- interior dry or wet areas

Limitations
- minimum 2" x 2" (50 mm x 50 mm) tile

Requirements
- maximum spacing of joists, l-joists, or floor trusses is 24" (610 mm) o.c.
- double layer wood floor consisting of:
  - minimum subfloor thickness – 23/32", 3/4" nom. (19 mm) tongue-and-groove
  - minimum underlayment thickness – 11/32", 3/8" nom. (10 mm)

Substrate Preparation
- verify that subfloor panels are properly fastened to framing members.
- any leveling of the subfloor must be done prior to installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO.

Movement Joints
- DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO do not eliminate the need for movement joints, including perimeter joints, within the tiled surface. Movement joints must be installed in accordance with industry standards and norms; see page 13 of this Handbook, TCNA EJ171, and TTMAC 301 MJ.

Setting and Grouting Materials
- modified thin-set mortar - ANSI A118.11
- unmodified thin-set mortar – ANSI A118.1
- grout – ANSI A118.3, A118.6, A118.7, A118.8

Setting and Grouting Specifications
- tile – ANSI A108.5
- grout – ANSI A108.6, A108.9, A108.10

Other Considerations
- tightly butted and/or tented plywood or OSB seams must be addressed prior to installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO.
- vapor barrier on crawl space floors according to regional building codes.
- where a waterproof floor is required, all DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO seams and floor/wall transitions must be sealed with KERDI-BAND using Schluter ® SET®, Schluter ® ALL-SET®, Schluter ® FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar; see page 12.
Double layer of OSB or Plywood subfloor

Areas of Application
- over any even and structurally sound double layer OSB or plywood floor
- interior dry or wet areas

Limitations
- requires double layer wood floor regardless of joist spacing
- minimum 2” x 2” (50 mm x 50 mm) tile

Requirements
- maximum spacing of joists, I-joists, or floor trusses is 24” (610 mm) o.c.
- double layer wood floor consisting of:
  - minimum subfloor thickness – 23/32”, 3/4” nom. (19 mm) tongue-and-groove
  - minimum underlayment thickness – 11/32”, 3/8” nom. (10 mm)

Substrate Preparation
- verify that subfloor panels are properly fastened to framing members.
- underlayment – minimum 11/32”, 3/8” nom. (10 mm)-thick Exposure 1, plugged-face plywood or OSB with 1/8” (3 mm) gap between sheets; see page 16 for underlayment installation guidelines.
- any leveling of the subfloor must be done prior to installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO.

Movement Joints
- DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO do not eliminate the need for movement joints, including perimeter joints, within the tiled surface. Movement joints must be installed in accordance with industry standards and norms; see page 13 of this Handbook, TCNA EJ171, and TTMAC 301 MJ.

Setting and Grouting Materials
- modified thin-set mortar - ANSI A118.11
- unmodified thin-set mortar – ANSI A118.1
- grout – ANSI A118.3, A118.6, A118.7, A118.8

Setting and Grouting Specifications
- tile – ANSI A108.5
- grout – ANSI A108.6, A108.9, A108.10

Other Considerations
- certain moisture-sensitive stones, e.g., green marble, or resin-backed tiles may require special setting materials. Consult stone supplier and Schluter®-Systems for more information.
- tightly butted and/or tented plywood or OSB seams must be addressed prior to installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO.
- vapor barrier on crawl space floors according to regional building codes.
- where a waterproof floor is required, all DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO seams and floor/wall transitions must be sealed with KERDI-BAND using Schluter® SET®, Schluter ALL-SET®, Schluter FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar; see page 12.
Floors, Interior - Existing Vinyl Floors

Areas of Application
- over any even and structurally sound substrate with existing vinyl flooring
- interior dry or wet areas

Limitations
- minimum 2" x 2" (50 mm x 50 mm) tile
- cushioned vinyl unacceptable
- perimeter bonded vinyl flooring unacceptable
- multiple layers of vinyl unacceptable

Requirements
- for wood substrates, subfloor/underlayment configuration according to detail DH-W16-T, DH-W19-T, DH-W24-T, or DH-W-S

Substrate Preparation
- ensure that the structure beneath the vinyl is sound and adequate
- ensure that vinyl is well adhered
- remove any wax and clean vinyl
- for wood substrates, nail off floor with ring shank flooring nails every 4" (102 mm) o.c. – fasteners must pass through entire thickness of assembly with minimal penetration into joists
- any leveling of the subfloor must be done prior to installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO.

Movement Joints
- DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO do not eliminate the need for movement joints, including perimeter joints, within the tiled surface. Movement joints must be installed in accordance with industry standards and norms; see page 13 of this Handbook, TCNA EJ171, and TTMAC 301 MJ.

Setting and Grouting Specifications
- tile – ANSI A108.5
- grout – ANSI A108.6, A108.9, A108.10

Other Considerations
- DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO are adhered to the vinyl flooring using Schluter FAST-SET® or fast-setting modified thin-set mortar suitable for bonding to vinyl. As an alternative, a suitable cement-based embossing leveler or Schluter ALL-SET® or an appropriate modified thin-set mortar can be used to skim coat the vinyl to provide a bonding surface. When skim coat is cured, DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO are adhered to the skim coat using Schluter SET® or unmodified thin-set mortar. See page 23 for discussion on latex-modified thin-set mortars sandwiched between two impervious layers.
- seaming DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO, including floor/wall connections, with KERDI-BAND may be appropriate in cases where a break in the water line of an ice maker or dishwasher can damage pre-existing moisture-sensitive substrates and underlayments. KERDI-BAND floor/wall connections are just as easily concealed with wood base as with tile. KERDI-BAND floor/wall connections in dishwasher alcoves are parged with thin-set mortar; see page 12.
- vapor barrier on crawl space floors according to regional building codes.
- certain moisture-sensitive stones, e.g., green marble, or resin-backed tiles may require special setting materials. Consult stone supplier and Schluter®-Systems for more information.

Floors, Interior - Structural Plank Subfloor

Areas of Application
- over structural plank subfloors
- interior dry or wet areas

Limitations
- minimum 2" x 2" (50 mm x 50 mm) tile
- cushioned vinyl unacceptable
- perimeter bonded vinyl flooring unacceptable
- multiple layers of vinyl unacceptable

Requirements
- maximum spacing of joists is 24" (610 mm) o.c.
- double layer wood floor consisting of:
  - minimum structural plank subfloor thickness – 3/4" (19 mm)
  - minimum underlayment thickness – 15/32", 1/2" nom. (13 mm)

Substrate Preparation
- verify that subfloor planks are properly fastened to framing members.
- underlayment – minimum 15/32", 1/2" nom. (13 mm)-thick Exposure 1, plugged-face plywood or OSB with 1/8" (3 mm) gap between sheets; see page 16 for underlayment installation guidelines.
- any leveling of the subfloor must be done prior to installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO.

Movement Joints
- DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO do not eliminate the need for movement joints, including perimeter joints, within the tiled surface. Movement joints must be installed in accordance with industry standards and norms; see page 13 of this Handbook, TCNA EJ171, and TTMAC 301 MJ.

Setting and Grouting Specifications
- tile – ANSI A108.5
- grout – ANSI A108.6, A108.9, A108.10

Other Considerations
- vapor barrier on crawl space floors according to regional building codes.
- where a waterproof floor is required, all DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO seams and floor/wall transitions must be sealed with KERDI-BAND using Schluter SET®, Schluter ALL-SET®, Schluter FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar; see page 12.
- certain moisture-sensitive stones, e.g., green marble, or resin-backed tiles may require special setting materials. Consult stone supplier and Schluter®-Systems for more information.
There are various challenges associated with the installation of hard surface coverings on concrete substrates. To begin, the coefficient of thermal expansion of concrete is close to twice that of ceramic tile. Additionally, tile contractors are often expected to install tile over young concrete (concrete cured less than 28 days). However, rigid surface coverings installed over young concrete are susceptible to damage as a result of shrinkage during curing. Pre-stressed/post-tensioned concrete slabs are also commonplace in today’s construction environment. Although pre-stressing is used to help control deflections in concrete structures, these slabs are still subject to deformations caused by changes in moisture, temperature, and loading. Many concrete slabs on or below grade are subject to moisture migration, which can be problematic. Furthermore, these structures experience the same deformations as stated above.

The uncoupling function of DITRA-HEAT protects the ceramic or stone tile covering by neutralizing the differential movement stresses between the concrete substrate and the tile, thus eliminating the major cause of cracking and delaminating of the tiled surface.

The DITRA-HEAT membrane’s waterproofing ability not only protects the substrate from harmful substances, it also slows the drying of fresh concrete, which reduces the chances of cracking and curling of the slab.

The configuration of the DITRA-HEAT matting provides free space to accommodate vapor emissions from the concrete slab. This allows the installation of DITRA-HEAT and the tile covering as soon as the slab can be walked upon. Vapor management is also essential for slabs subject to moisture migration.

Since DITRA-HEAT is virtually incompressible within the tile assembly, the advantages of uncoupling are achieved without sacrificing point load distribution capabilities.

By addressing all of the challenges associated with today’s fast construction methods, DITRA-HEAT provides a durable installation system for ceramic and stone tile over concrete substrates.

DITRA-HEAT combines the flexibility of loose heating cables with the ease of installation of mat systems. Cables can be placed wherever heat is desired, without creating height differences in the floor. Self-leveling compounds are not required to encapsulate the cables, significantly reducing installation time and effort compared to uncoupling membranes over other electric floor warming systems. Concrete substrates can absorb heat energy increasing the time it takes for floors to warm up, particularly when there is no insulation layer below the concrete. In some cases, floors may never reach the desired temperature. DITRA-HEAT DUO features an integrated thermal break to reduce sound transmission through floor-ceiling assemblies, reduce heat loss to concrete substrates, and improve floor warming response times.

### Areas of Application
- over any structurally sound and even concrete subfloor
- on or below grade concrete subject to moisture migration
- post-tensioned or pre-stressed concrete

### Limitations
- minimum 2” x 2” (50 mm x 50 mm) tile
- concrete slabs subject to moisture migration must have all seams in DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT DUO sealed with KERDI-BAND using unmodified thin-set mortar
- any cracks in concrete subfloor must exhibit in-plane movement only; thin-set tile assemblies, including those incorporating DITRA-HEAT or DITRA-HEAT DUO, cannot accommodate differential vertical displacement

### Requirements
- slab to be structurally sound
- slab to be free of wax or oily films and curing compounds (when present, mechanical scarifying is necessary)
- the installation of DITRA-HEAT or DITRA-HEAT DUO and tile can begin as soon as the slab can be walked upon
- slab to be free of standing water
- sound control floors – Schluter perimeter movement joints recommended to help limit sound energy transfer

### Setting and Grouting Materials
- unmodified thin-set mortar – ANSI A118.1
- grout – ANSI A118.3, A118.6, A118.7, A118.8
- unmodified thin-set mortar – ANSI A118.1
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### Setting and Grouting Specifications
- tile – ANSI A108.5
- grout – ANSI A108.6, A108.9, A108.10

### Other Considerations
- where a waterproof floor is required, all DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT DUO seams and floor/wall transitions must be sealed with KERDI-BAND using unmodified thin-set mortar; see page 12.
- certain moisture-sensitive stones, e.g., green marble, or resin-backed tiles may require special setting materials. Consult stone supplier and Schluter®-Systems for more information
- consider the use of DITRA-HEAT DUO to improve the response time of DITRA-HEAT in applications over concrete. See page 29 for more information.
Every substrate presents unique challenges

Bonding ceramic or stone tiles directly to gypsum concrete substrates is generally considered questionable or not recommended. The challenges associated with gypsum-based underlayments include the requirement of an extended drying period before installing tile and continued sensitivity to the reintroduction of moisture throughout the life of the installation. In addition, since the coefficient of thermal expansion of gypsum concrete is substantially greater than that of ceramic tile, shear stresses caused by temperature fluctuations can result in delamination or cracking of the tile covering. This is particularly important when gypsum concrete is used as a thermal mass for radiant heated floors. With the increasing popularity of radiant heated floors, which typically utilize gypsum concrete, tile installers need a reliable installation system to address these issues.

The uncoupling function of DITRA-HEAT protects the ceramic or stone tile covering by neutralizing the differential movement stresses between the gypsum concrete substrate and the tile, thus eliminating the major cause of cracking and delaminating of the tiled surface.

The DITRA-HEAT membrane’s waterproofing function prevents the reintroduction of moisture to gypsum concrete underlayments, which, if not prevented, could significantly compromise performance of the underlayment and lead to damage of the tiled surface.

The configuration of the DITRA-HEAT matting provides free space to accommodate vapor emissions from the gypsum.

Since DITRA-HEAT is virtually incompressible within the tile assembly, the advantages of uncoupling are achieved without sacrificing point load distribution capabilities.

By addressing all of the challenges associated with today’s fast, lightweight construction methods, DITRA-HEAT provides a durable installation system for ceramic and stone tile over gypsum substrates.

DITRA-HEAT combines the flexibility of loose heating cables with the ease of installation of mat systems. Cables can be placed wherever heat is desired, without creating height differences in the floor. Self-leveling compounds are not required to encapsulate the expansion of gypsum concrete is substantially greater than that of ceramic tile, shear stresses caused by temperature fluctuations can result in delamination or cracking of the tile covering. This is particularly important when gypsum concrete is used as a thermal mass for radiant heated floors. With the increasing popularity of radiant heated floors, which typically utilize gypsum concrete, tile installers need a reliable installation system to address these issues.

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By addressing all of the challenges associated with today’s fast, lightweight construction methods, DITRA-HEAT provides a durable installation system for ceramic and stone tile over gypsum substrates.
Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT Shower Application

DH-SH-19

1. Ceramic or stone tile
2. Schluter SET®, Schluter ALL-SET®, Schluter FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar
3. Schluter®-KERDI waterproofing membrane
4. Schluter®-KERDI-BOARD waterproof building panel
5. Schluter®-KERDI-BOARD-ZT/-ZS washers and screws
6. Schluter®-KERDI-BAND waterproofing strips
7. Schluter®-KERDI-KERECK-F waterproofing corners
8. Schluter®-KERDI-SEAL-PS/-MV seals or Schluter®-KERDI-FIX sealant and bonding compound
9. Solid backing
10. Drain:
   a. Schluter®-KERDI-DRAIN
   b. Schluter®-KERDI-LINE
11. Base:
    a. Schluter®-KERDI-SHOWER-T/-TS/-TT
    b. Schluter®-KERDI-SHOWER-LT/-LTS
    Alternative (not shown):
    • Mortar bed
12. Schluter®-KERDI-BOARD-SC curb
    Alternatives (not shown):
    • Schluter®-KERDI-BOARD waterproof building panel
    • Built-up curb
13. Schluter®-SHOWERPROFILE-WSK/-WSL Shower profile
    Alternative (not shown):
    • Schluter®-SHOWERPROFILE-WS/-WSC
14. Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT or Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT-DUO Electric floor warming and uncoupling membrane
    Wood or concrete subfloor
15. Schluter®-DILEX profile (optional)
16. Bench (not shown, optional):
    • Schluter®-KERDI-BOARD-SB
    • Schluter®-KERDI-BOARD
17. niche (not shown, optional):
    • Schluter®-KERDI-BOARD-SC

Showers – Ceramic or stone tile
Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT Shower Application

Areas of Application
- Interior showers with or without curbless applications.
- Interior intermittent use steam showers (e.g., residential applications). See detail K-SSH in the Schluter®-Shower System Installation Handbook for more information.
- Over wood or concrete subfloors.

Limitations
- Certain glass tiles may not be compatible with bonded waterproof membranes and/or may require special setting materials. Consult glass tile manufacturer and Schluter®-Systems for more information.
- Certain moisture sensitive stones, e.g., green marble, or resin-backed tiles may not be appropriate for use in wet areas such as showers or may require special setting materials. Consult stone supplier and Schluter®-Systems for more information.
- Do not use sawn lumber curbs on concrete subfloors subject to moisture migration.

Requirements
- Plywood, OSB, or concrete subfloor must be clean, even, and load bearing.
- For wood substrates, subfloor/underlayment configuration according to detail DH-W6-T, DH-W9-T, DH-W24-T, or DH-W-S.
- For curbless applications: Recessing the floor of a bathroom must be done in a way that preserves the structural integrity and safety of the construction. This may require the services of a qualified design professional (e.g., architect, engineer, etc.).
- Solid backing - gypsum wallboard, cementitious backer unit, fiber-cement underlayment, fiber-reinforced water-resistant gypsum backerboard/underlayment, coated glass mat water-resistant gypsum backerboard, Portland cement mortar bed, concrete, or masonry.
- Minimum KERDI-BOARD thickness – 1/2" (12.5 mm) for studs spaced at 16" (40.6 cm) o.c. and 3/4" (19 mm) for studs spaced at 24" (61.0 cm) o.c.
- KERDI-BOARD shall be fastened to wood or metal framing with appropriate screws (i.e., coarse thread wood screw for wood studs and self-tapping for metal studs) and corresponding KERDI-BOARD-ZT washers. Screws must reach a depth of at least 3/4" (20 mm) in wood studs and 3/8" (10 mm) in metal studs. Maximum allowable on-center faster securing spacing is 12" (30 cm) for walls and 6" (15 cm) for ceilings.
- KERDI or KERDI-BOARD shall be installed up to the height of the showerhead at minimum.
- Any protrusions through the KERDI or KERDI-BOARD (e.g., showerhead, mixing valve, etc.) must be treated with KERDI-SEAL-PS/-MV seals, KERDI-FIX or suitable sealant.
- Base – KERDI-SHOOWER-T/-TS/-TT/-LT/-LTS or Portland cement mortar bed.
- Ramp – KERDI-SHOOWER-SR or Portland cement mortar bed.
- Curb – KERDI-BOARD-SC, KERDI-BOARD, concrete, masonry block, or sawn lumber sheathed with solid backing (see above).
- Bench – KERDI-BOARD-SB, KERDI-BOARD, concrete, masonry block, or sawn lumber sheathed with solid backing (see above).
- All horizontal surfaces (e.g., benches, curbs, window sills, shelves, etc.) must be sloped toward the shower drain.
- KERDI-DRAIN/LINE shall be properly supported. Additional thin-set mortar may be needed to bed the KERDI-DRAIN for this detail.
- KERDI-DRAIN/LINE shall be connected to the waste line; use ABS cement for ABS drains, PVC cement for PVC drains, a no-hub coupling for stainless steel drains with no-hub outlets, and thread sealing compound or tape for stainless steel drains with threaded outlets.
- When using the stainless steel KERDI-DRAIN bonding flange, use KERDI-FIX to bond KERDI to the drain.
- DITRA-HEAT heating cables must be installed in the DITRA-HEAT or DITRA-HEAT-DUO membrane. KERDI must be installed over the heating cables and DITRA-HEAT/-DUO in the shower.
- Due to the installation of the DITRA-HEAT membrane on top of the shower tray, it is necessary to raise the height of the KERDI-DRAIN/LINE. Installation of DITRA-HEAT membrane on the substrate under the detachable center section for KERDI-DRAIN or under the KERDI-LINE channel body support will provide the proper height adjustment.
- When a curb is used, the heating cables must be installed over the curb in a 3/4" wide x 1/4" deep routed section and encased in thin-set mortar. DO NOT install the heating cable under the curb or go through the curb, as this could cause damage to the heating cable and curb. After the heating cable is installed, apply KERDI over the routed section of the KERDI-BOARD-SC curb or over the entire built-up curb.
- A dedicated heating cable is recommended in the shower area to allow for simple disconnection without an impact on the bathroom floor heating in the event that the shower heating cable is damaged. Multiple heating cables may be installed on a single thermostat, up to the 15 amp limit.
- Heating cables must be installed 3 studs from the edge of the KERDI-LINE flange and 2 studs from the edge of the KERDI-DRAIN flange.

Safety
- Repairs to the DITRA-HEAT heating cable in the shower may not be approved. Verify with the local inspector or authority having jurisdiction (AHJ). Flood testing the shower is recommended before re-tiling.
- Heating cable factory splice (i.e., cold lead splice) must not be installed in the shower area.

Substrate Preparation
- Verify that subfloor panels and solid backing are properly fastened to framing members.
- Any leveling of the subfloor must be done prior to installing KERDI-SHOOWER-T/-TS/-TT/-LT/-LTS, KERDI-BOARD-SC/-SB, DITRA-HEAT, and DITRA-HEAT-DUO membranes.

Solid Backing Materials
- Gypsum wallboard – ASTM C1396/C1396M
- Cementitious backer unit – ANSI A118.9 or ASTM C1325
- Fiber-cement underlayment – ASTM C1288
- Fiber-reinforced water-resistant gypsum backerboard/underlayment – ASTM C1278
- Coated glass mat water-resistant gypsum backerboard – ASTM C1178
- Portland cement mortar – ANSI A108.1B
- Concrete
- Masonry

Setting and Grouting Materials
- Unmodified thin-set mortar – ANSI A118.1
- Grout – ANSI A118.3, A118.6, A118.7

Installation Specifications
- Solid backing panels – follow manufacturer’s instructions
- Portland cement mortar bed – ANSI A108.1B
- Tile – ANSI A108.5
- Grout – ANSI A108.6, A108.10

Other Considerations
- Acceptance of electric floor warming in a shower and this detail must be verified by the local inspector or authority having jurisdiction (AHJ).
- KERDI is required on top of DITRA-HEAT installations in the shower. Schluter®-Systems chooses to be conservative and to ensure everything is protected. Note: DITRA-HEAT-E-HK heating cables are rated for wet applications per CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.130-03. DITRA-HEAT membranes have been found to meet or exceed the requirements of ANSI A118.10.
- Curbless tiled showers rely on the slope of the floor to effectively contain water in the immediate shower area and direct water to the drain. Given the wide range of potential configurations, it isn’t possible to address them all in this Handbook.
- For curbless applications: waterproofing must be installed in all areas subject to water exposure.
- Schluter®-SHOWERPROFILE-WS/-WSK system profiles can be used to form a splashguard at the entrance of curbless showers.
- Various building codes and other sources, such as the Americans with Disabilities Act, include specific requirements for disabled access in public buildings and must be consulted when applicable. Areas of interest may include degree of slope, clearance, and supporting structures such as grab bars.
- Shower grab bars must be anchored in the structure or solid blocking behind KERDI-BOARD.
- When KERDI-SHOOWER-T/-TS/-TT/-LT/-LTS tray dimensions do not match the dimensions of the shower compartment, the tray may be cut or extended with dry pack mortar.
- When KERDI or KERDI-BOARD and tile are installed on the ceiling, the solid backing and fasteners must be able to support the load of the tile and setting and grouting materials.
- A water test is recommended before setting tile to verify a successful installation. Wait 24 hours minimum after the membrane installation is complete to allow for final set of thin-set mortar and ensure waterproof performance at seams and connections. For curbless showers a temporary dam (e.g., a 2x4 and silicone sealant, plastic sheeting and sand, etc.) must be provided at the threshold to perform the water test.
- Schluter®-Systems profiles may be used to finish and protect outside corners and eliminate the use of sealant at inside corners.
- Schluter®-SHOWERPROFILE-S/-S2 profiles eliminate the need for cutting wedges of tile by covering the exposed wall area where the floor slopes to KERDI-LINE.
Every substrate presents unique challenges

Today’s construction methods, which include the use of lightweight, moisture-sensitive materials, such as plywood, OSB, and gypsum concrete, have made the installation of hard surface coverings particularly challenging. If wood or gypsum concrete substrates are exposed to moisture, the tile covering above can be damaged as a result.

Typical areas that require waterproofing include tub surrounds and showers. However, there are other commonly tiled areas that may, through unexpected circumstances, become exposed to significant amounts of water; for example, an overflowed toilet, or ruptured dishwasher, icemaker, or washing machine lines, which can result in flooding.

Waterproofing these floors can save an owner from replacing the tile assembly and substructure in the event of a leak. DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO installations can be made waterproof with minimal effort. Since the matting is made of waterproof polypropylene, the only extra step necessary is to seal the seams and floor/wall connections. This is easily accomplished by applying KERDI-BAND to these areas using Schluter SET®, Schluter ALL-SET®, Schluter FAST-SET®, or an unmodified thin-set mortar. The result is a waterproof installation that will not suffer damage in the event of an unexpected water leak. KERDI-DRAIN or KERDI-LINE may be used to provide drainage in DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO installations.

Floors, Interior - Ceramic or Stone Tile

Areas of Application
- over any even and structurally sound substrate where waterproofing is desired

Limitations
- minimum 2" x 2" (50 mm x 50 mm) tile

Requirements
- all seams in DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO matting and floor/wall transitions must be sealed with KERDI-BAND using Schluter SET®, Schluter ALL-SET®, Schluter FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar.

Note: KERDI-BAND must lap DITRA-HEAT at seams and at floor/wall transitions by a minimum of 2" (50 mm) in order to maintain waterproof integrity

Other Considerations
- when using DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO, including floor/wall connections, with KERDI-BAND may be appropriate in cases where a break in the water line of an ice maker or dishwasher can damage pre-existing moisture-sensitive substrates and underlayments.
- KERDI-BAND floor/wall connections are just as easily concealed with wood base as with tile.

KERDI-BAND floor/wall connections in dishwasher alcoves are parged with thin-set mortar.

In some applications the vertical section of the floor/wall transition will not accept a bond to unmodified thin-set mortar. Connections to such elements can be achieved using KERDI-FIX or suitable trowel-applied waterproofing materials, such as those that require atmospheric moisture to cure (e.g., urethane sealant).

KERDI-DRAIN or KERDI-LINE may be used to provide drainage in DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO applications. DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO are sealed to the fleece-laminated KERDI-DRAIN bonding flange with a section of KERDI membrane using Schluter SET®, Schluter ALL-SET®, Schluter FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar. KERDI-FIX is used to seal the section of KERDI to the stainless steel KERDI-DRAIN bonding flange. DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO are sealed to the KERDI waterproofing collar on KERDI-LINE using Schluter SET®, Schluter ALL-SET®, Schluter FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar.
Every substrate presents unique challenges

**DISCUSSION**

Movement joints are an integral part of any tile assembly. The various components of a tile assembly (tile, mortar, substrate, etc.) have unique physical characteristics that affect their behavior. Specifically, these components will expand and contract at different rates, according to each component’s intrinsic physical properties, with changes in moisture, temperature, and loading (both dead and live loads). This differential expansion/contraction of attached components results in internal stresses. Furthermore, structures that restrain overall expansion of the tile field (walls, columns, etc.) cause stress buildup within the system. If the aforementioned movements are not accommodated through the use of movement joints in the tile field and at restraining structures, the resulting stresses can cause cracking of the grout and tile and delamination of the tile from the substrate. Thus, movement joints are an essential component of any durable tile assembly.

**SOLUTIONS**

Movement joints must be incorporated within the tile field, at doorsills, and at transitions to walls and other restraining structures to allow movement of the assembly and prevent stresses that can damage the system. Schluter®-Systems’ prefabricated movement joint profiles protect tile edges and prevent sound bridges and surface water penetration, resulting in a permanent, maintenance-free installation. The family of Schluter®-DILEX prefabricated movement profiles includes a variety of shapes, sizes, and materials to suit different applications. Please see Schluter®-Systems’ Illustrated Price List and visit www.schluter.com for more detailed information on DILEX movement profiles.

**TECHNICAL NOTES**

The Tile Council of North America (TCNA) and the Terrazzo, Tile, and Marble Association of Canada (TTMAC) provide guidelines (EJ171 and 301MJ, respectively) for the placement and construction of movement joints in and around the tile field. Schluter®-Systems accepts these guidelines. However, given the increased use of larger tiles, smaller grout joints, and lighter building materials, which are more susceptible to movement, Schluter®-Systems recommends that movement joints within the tile field be placed at more frequent intervals, as indicated below.

**Guidelines for the placement of movement joints**

- Applications without heating cables: 16’ - 20’ (4.9 m - 6.1 m) in each direction
- Applications with heating cables or exposed to direct sunlight or moisture: 12’ - 16’ (3.7 m - 4.9 m) in each direction
- Place around the perimeter of any size floor and/or against all restraining surfaces
- Fields should be as square as possible. The ratio between length and width should not exceed 1:1.5.
1 Schluter®-DILEX-EKE

Cold (construction) joints occur where two successive placements of concrete meet. True cold joints bond the new concrete to the old and do not allow movement. However, it takes extra care to accomplish this, so they are usually designed to act as expansion or control/contraction joints. Cold joints are treated in the same manner as expansion joints. See above.

Control/Contraction Joints

Control/contraction joints are designed to induce controlled cracking caused by drying and chemical shrinkage at preselected locations. They are typically formed by saw cutting, tooling, or through the use of inserts. DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO are not separated at control/contraction joints; however, surface movement joints must be provided in the tile covering in accordance with the aforementioned guidelines. See also Surface Joints.

Structural or Seismic Joints

Regarding structural and seismic expansion joints, please contact Schluter®-Systems at 1-800-472-4588 (USA) or 1-800-667-8746 (Canada) for proper installation guidelines.
Note regarding residential applications

Due to the increased popularity of continuous tile installations (i.e., tile continuing from room to room on a given floor), movement joints have become both increasingly important and increasingly difficult to provide. For instance, consider the residential installation shown in Figure 5. It is almost certain that the homeowner will resist the idea of placing movement joints across any of the rooms shown in the figure, despite TCNA, TTMAC, and Schluter®-Systems guidelines. However, the need for movement joints in this installation is undeniable, given the extended size of the field. The question then becomes, "How does one provide the movement joints necessary to ensure a durable installation without compromising the aesthetic qualities of the continuous tile field?"

The easiest way to accomplish this goal is to begin by providing movement joints at the perimeter of the installation. Perimeter joints are absolutely necessary and do not interrupt the tile field. The next step would be to place movement joints at the thresholds between rooms or where a tiled hallway meets a larger tiled room. These locations are relatively inconspicuous and the lines formed by the movement joints are logical in that they reflect the natural perimeter of each room. Finally, determine if any other characteristics of the floor plan invite the placement of additional movement joints. In this example, the intersection of the nook area and kitchen/family room may be a reasonable choice.

Schluter®-Systems understands that the tile setter must take into account the needs of his or her client in determining the placement of movement joints in a tile installation. For example, a client may not wish to interrupt a continuous tile field that spans multiple rooms. However, as indicated by the orange lines above, there are ways to meet industry guidelines that will serve to provide the client with a durable installation that remains aesthetically pleasing.
DISCUSSION

In some applications referenced in this Handbook, adding a layer of plywood or OSB before installing DITRA-HEAT and the ceramic or stone tile covering is required to reduce deflection and curvature of the sheathing between the joists.

INSTALLATION GUIDE

Place underlayment panels (Exposure 1, plugged-face plywood or OSB) with long dimension perpendicular to floor joists such that the following conditions are met:

1. Abut all underlayment end joints at quarter points between joists.
   
   Example: Abut underlayment panels on either side of the joist centerline at: 4" (102 mm) for 16" (406 mm) o.c. joists, 5" (127 mm) for 19.2" (488 mm) o.c. joists, or 6" (152 mm) for 24" (610 mm) o.c. joists (see figures 1 & 2).
   
   Note: Underlayment end joints should be placed as far away from subfloor end joints as possible.

2. Underlayment to overlap edge joints of subfloor by 1/2 of the width of the subfloor panel (24" - 610 mm). At restraining surfaces, overlap may be less than 24" (610 mm) when the subfloor panel is less than 48" (1.2 m)-wide (see figure 1).

3. Gap underlayment panels 1/8" (3 mm) on all ends and edges, and 1/4" (6 mm) at perimeter walls, cabinetry, or other restraining surfaces.

The following guidelines must be followed when fastening underlayment panels:

1. Use ring shank nails (no staples) or wood screws (no drywall screws).

2. Fasteners must pass through entire thickness of underlayment and subfloor panels with minimal penetration into joists (see figure 2).

FINAL WORD

As stated previously, Schluter®-Systems requires that any underlayment panel must have a minimum thickness of 3/8" (10 mm). When in doubt, increase underlayment thickness.
**Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT membrane and heating cables**

**Planning**
For access to the DITRA-HEAT Calculation Sheet and DITRA-HEAT Online Calculator, see www.schluter.com.

- Select DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO membrane according to the size of the area to be tiled.
- Select DITRA-HEAT-E-HK heating cable(s) according to the size of the area to be heated and the cable spacing in the DITRA-HEAT membranes (See table entitled HEATING CABLE SPECIFICATIONS on page 24 for more details):
  - A cable spacing of 3 studs is standard
  - A cable spacing of 2 studs is recommended, as it can produce inconsistent floor surface temperatures
  - A cable spacing of 4 studs is not recommended
- When measuring the area to be heated, be sure to measure accurately. The heating cable **cannot** be cut to fit. The allowable heated area is limited by the minimum required spacing from fixed elements such as:
  - Walls, partitions, and fixed cabinets = 2” (50 mm)
  - Heat sources (baseboard heaters or other fixed heating devices, fireplaces, etc.) = 8” (200 mm)
  - Plumbing drains and forced air heating vents = 4” (100 mm)
  - Centerline of toilet drains = 7” (180 mm)
- It is helpful to plan the location of a buffer zone, as it is not possible to predict exactly where the heating cable will end. The buffer zone is an area where floor warming is not essential and heating cable installation is not planned (e.g., behind a toilet or adjacent to a door opening). This area allows for placement of excess heating cable. Heating cables may also be installed 6” (150 mm) from the wall to create a buffer zone.
- In the case where there is no more space left in the buffer zone(s) and there is still excess cable, the alternating 3 stud – 2 stud spacing sequence may be used in repetition at locations where more heat is desired, and the following must be maintained:
  - The minimum spacing from fixed elements mentioned above
  - Do NOT install heating cable with two (2) consecutive two (2) stud cable spacing, or one (1) stud spacing, anywhere on the floor
  - Not following the above limitations may cause cable overheating and cable malfunction
- For more information on installing DITRA-HEAT-E-HK heating cables on 208 V circuits, please see page 31.
- Multiple DITRA-HEAT-E-HK heating cables can be connected and controlled by a single DITRA-HEAT-E thermostat, if the total current is less than 15 amps. The junction box must be sized according to the electrical code effective in your region, and must consider the possible use of pigtails and the space occupied by the back part of the thermostat.
- Multiples DITRA-HEAT-E-HK heating cables over 15 amps cannot be connected to a single DITRA-HEAT-E thermostat. Additional DITRA-HEAT-E thermostats must be used, or a DITRA-HEAT-E thermostat may be combined with the DITRA-HEAT-E-RR power modules.

**Preparation**
- The substrate must be clean, even, and load bearing. Any leveling of the subfloor must be done prior to installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO.
- For wood substrates, verify that panels are properly fastened. Tightly butted and/or tented plywood or OSB seams must be addressed prior to installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO. If a plywood/OSB underlayment is to be installed, follow the Wood Underlayment guidelines on page 16.
- For vinyl substrates, ensure that the structure beneath is sound and adequate and that the vinyl is well adhered. Remove any wax and clean the surface. For vinyl over wood structures, nail off floor with ring shank flooring nails every 4” (102 mm) o.c. - fasteners must pass through entire thickness of assembly with minimal penetration into joists.
- For concrete substrates, remove any waxy or oily films and curing compounds (if present) by mechanical scarification. When bonding DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO to particularly dry, porous concrete, the slab should be moistened to saturate the concrete and help prevent premature drying or skinning of the bond coat. Excess or standing surface water must be removed prior to installation.
- For gypsum substrates, residual moisture in gypsum screed must be 2.0% or less before installing DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO. Follow gypsum manufacturer’s directions for additional substrate preparation.

**Membrane**
- Using a thin-set mortar that is suitable for the substrate, apply the thin-set mortar (mixed to a fairly fluid consistency, but still able to hold a notch) using the DITRA-HEAT trowel, or other 1/4” x 1/4” (6 mm x 6 mm) square-notched trowel.
- Lift up a corner of the matting to check coverage. Proper installation results in full contact between the fleece webbing and the thin-set mortar. DITRA-HEAT-DUO fleece may not pull up as much mortar from the floor as DITRA-HEAT when lifted, but full contact can be achieved as shown. **Note:** Coverage may vary with mortar consistency, angle at which the trowel is held, substrate flatness, etc. If full coverage is not achieved, remove and reapply, making sure to verify proper mortar consistency and application.
- Apply DITRA-HEAT or DITRA-HEAT-DUO to the floor, fleece side down. Solidly embed the matting into the mortar using a float, screed trowel, or DITRA-ROLLER, making sure to observe the open time of the bonding mortar. If the mortar skims over prior to matting installation, remove and reapply. **Note:** It may be helpful to back roll the DITRA-HEAT matting before installation to help the membrane to lay flat.
- About end and side sections of adjacent sheets. **Note:** Aligning the studs on the top of the matting during installation can help make subsequent heating cable installation easier.

**ESTIMATED THIN-SET COVERAGE**
To bond DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO to the substrate, using the DITRA-HEAT trowel, or other 1/4” x 1/4” (6 mm x 6 mm) square-notched trowel:

- Use one 50 lb. (22.68 kg) bag of mortar per 100 ft² (9.3 m²).

To bond the tile to the DITRA-HEAT, using a 1/4” x 3/8” (6 mm x 10 mm) square- or U-notched trowel:

- Use one 50 lb (22.68 kg) bag of mortar per 40 - 50 ft² (3.7 - 4.6 m²).

To bond the tile to the DITRA-HEAT, using a 1/2” x 1/2” (13 mm x 13 mm) square- or U-notched trowel:

- Use one 50 lb (22.68 kg) bag of mortar per 30 - 40 ft² (2.8 - 3.7 m²).
Heating Cables Installation

Warning Details

- Before installing and operating this product, the user and/or installer must read, understand and follow these instructions and keep them handy for future reference.
- If you have a question, please contact Customer Service by phone 800-472-4588 (USA) or 800-667-8746 (Canada) or from our website at www.schluter.com.
- If these instructions are not followed, the warranty will be considered null and void and the manufacturer deems no further responsibility for this product.
- The following instructions must be adhered to in order to avoid personal injuries or property damages, including serious injuries and potentially fatal electric shocks or fire.
- Products must be installed by a qualified person in accordance with this installation and with the Canadian Electric Code Part I (Canada) or the National Electric Code (U.S.) as applicable. All electric connections must be made by a qualified person, according to the electrical and building codes effective in your region.
- De-energize all power circuits before installation and servicing.
- A dedicated circuit is recommended for each application, but a circuit supplying one or more fixed room heaters may be used, as long as its rating does not exceed 30 ampere.
- The total current from all branch circuits does not exceed 80% of the circuit breaker limit, and the branch circuit cable reaching the thermostat junction box is of the same conductor size as the main circuit.
- A Class A (5 mA) ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) is required for each circuit.
- NEVER install a cable designed for a 120 V power source on a 240/208 V power source.
- The heating cable ground braid must be bonded to ground.
- For installations requiring a cold lead trim or splice, the electrical rating label shall be fixed to the cold lead and visible at the termination junction box. The label will void the warranty.
- NEVER CUT or modify the heating cable in any way. This would change the cable resistance, will cause damage to the cable, and could cause cable overheating.
- The type and thickness of floor covering materials used with this product must not exceed a thermal insulation “R” value of 1. Example “R” Values: Ceramic/Mosaic tile 0.25” thick = R0.15, Natural stone 1” thick = R0.38-0.114, Porcelain Tile 0.25” thick = R0.024.
- Heating cables shall not be altered in the field. If the installer or the user modifies the unit, he will be held responsible for any damage resulting from this modification, and the warranty and the product certification will be void.
- Heating cables may not touch, cross, or overlap one another or onto itself.
- The heating section of the cable and the factory splice (i.e., black plastic junction between the cold lead and gray heating cable) must be entirely installed under the floor covering, and into a mortar or thin-set layer, as shown in the heating cable installation instructions. Do not install it in a wall, or anywhere else, as this may cause overheating and system failure.
- Threading the cold lead from the floor to the thermostat junction box needs to be done within an approved raceway or conduit. The conduit is required to begin at no greater than 2 inches (50 mm) from the floor. The opening in the horizontal stud at the base of the wall, which provides access for the cold lead to the inside of the wall, shall be covered by a steel plate to protect the cold lead from any possible future damages from nails or screws.
- The temperature sensors need to be threaded either inside the same conduit as the cold lead, or in a separate conduit.
- Do not run the heating section of the heating cable set under or through a wall, partition, or through a floor.
- Do not install the heating cable on a wall (e.g., shower wall, inside of a built-in bathtub, etc.).
- In the USA, according to Rule 424.38 (A) of the National Electrical Code 2017, heating cables may extend beyond the room in which they originate. In previous editions of the National Electrical Code (NEC), extending heating cables beyond the room was not permitted. Please verify with your local inspector to determine which edition of the NEC is being enforced by the local authority having jurisdiction. Also, please verify approval of your cable layout prior to setting tile. Additionally, installations of heating cables in dressing rooms or large walk-in closets are subject to approval by the local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).
- In Canada, according to Rule 62-202 of the Canadian Electrical Code 2018, a thermostat or an applicable temperature control device is required for each enclosed area where a heating cable is installed. As necessary, please verify your installation plan with local inspector to determine their interpretation of the rule, and whether or not your cable layout is approved prior to setting tile.
- NEVER install the heating cable under vanities with no air space beneath, bathtub platforms, free standing bathtubs with no air space beneath, kitchen cabinets and islands or any other fixtures, or in small storage or clothing closets where there is or could have consistent materials on the floor. Excessive heat will build up in these confined spaces and may cause cable overheating.
- NEVER use the heating cable for any purpose other than for indoor floor warming as explained in this Handbook.
- Cable spacing shall be limited to a repeating 3 stud (3.6” or 9.1 cm) spacing, or a continuously alternating 3 stud (3.6” or 9.1 cm) and 2 stud (2.4” or 6.1 cm) spacing (e.g.: 3-2-3-2-3-2 and so on) between cable runs. A repeating 2 stud spacing or narrower spacing shall not be used as it may cause overheating and cable malfunction. A wider spacing (e.g., 4 stud) may not provide sufficient power to warm the floor to the desired temperature, and may cause inconsistent floor surface temperatures. Exception: a two stud spacing is recommended when connecting a 240 V heating cable to a 240 V power supply. See page 31 for more information.
- Minimum spacing from walls, partitions, and fixed cabinets is 2” (50 mm).
- Minimum spacing from other heat sources (baseboard heaters and other fixed heating devices, fireplaces, etc.) is 8” (200 mm).
- Minimum spacing from any plumbing drains and forced air heating vents is 4” (100 mm).
- Minimum spacing from the centerline of toilet drain is 7” (180 mm).
- The maximum allowable straight length of a single run of heating cable is 10 ft (3 m); the cable must be turned and go in the other direction, or form U-shaped “jog” at this point as in Photo 6a on page 20. This is to take into account the expansion of the metallic hot conductors of the heating cable while heating.
- The minimum temperature at which the cable should be installed is 32° F (0° C).
- Avoid folding the heating cable on itself, a radius of curvature less than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) could damage its sheath.
- The minimum installed bending radius of the heating cable is 0.5 inches (12.7 mm).
- NEVER energize the cable while it is on the spool. This would lead to overheating that could damage the cable.

Heating Cables Installation

- DITRA-HEAT is primarily intended to warm tile floors and make them more comfortable underfoot, but can contribute to space heating. See page 32 for space heating guidelines.
- It is helpful to plan the location of a buffer zone, as it is not possible to predict where the heating cable will end. The buffer zone is an area where heating is not essential and heating cable installation is not planned (e.g., behind a toilet or adjacent to a door opening). This area allows for placement of excess heating cable. Heating cables may also be installed 6” (150 mm) from the wall to create a buffer zone.
- Mark the circuit breaker in the electrical panel that is connected to the DITRA-HEAT floor warming system using the identification sticker provided. Additional stickers provided may be placed on the electrical panel door.
- Install the two thermostat floor temperature sensors within the tile assembly. Two floor temperature sensors are provided - one with the DITRA-HEAT thermostats and one with the DITRA-HEAT-E-HK heating cables. Install the tip of each temperature sensor in the middle of the three stud spacing cable runs, no matter if the standard 3 stud cable spacing or the continuously alternating 3-2 stud cable spacing option has been used. Connect only one to the thermostat and the other is a spare in case one is broken during overall installation. The floor temperature sensors need to be threaded either inside the same conduit as the cold lead, or in a separate conduit.
- Heating cable testing is required while heating cable is on the spool and at two subsequent steps during installation to ensure cable quality and for warranty purposes.
- If a break or damage is detected during the heating cable testing, return the cable to the original place of purchase. Do not proceed with heating cable installation into the DITRA-HEAT or DITRA-HEAT-DUO matting or with the tile covering installation.
To avoid damaging the DITRA-HEAT-E-HK heating cable spool due to handling, we recommend turning the box over to remove the spool from the packaging box. Then pick up the spool from underneath the heating cable coil, but not by the cardboard washers.

Heating Cable Tests

The following table outlines DITRA-HEAT system warranty coverage based on which heating cable tests are conducted, documented, and submitted to Schluter. Please refer to the Heating Cable Tests Log on page 34 of this Handbook and Warranty on page 36 of this Handbook for further information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tests Conducted</th>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test 1: Conductor Resistance + Test 2: Continuity between Conductor and Ground Braid + Test 3: Insulation Resistance + Test 4: Thermostat Floor Temperature Sensor</td>
<td>15 years</td>
<td>Assembly repair or replacement (labor &amp; materials)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test 1: Conductor Resistance + Test 2: Continuity between Conductor and Ground Braid + Test 4: Thermostat Floor Temperature Sensor</td>
<td>10 years</td>
<td>Assembly repair or replacement (labor &amp; materials)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Heating Cable Testing Conducted</td>
<td>No heating cable warranty coverage; Only 10 year warranty coverage on the DITRA-HEAT or DITRA-HEAT-DUO membrane.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Test 1: Conductor resistance (required)**

In order to perform the resistance test, you must set your multimeter for resistance measurement and take an ohms reading between the two power leads. If the ohms reading taken on the two power leads varies significantly (10% or more) from the value printed on the spool, it either means that the cable has been damaged, or that the measuring instrument is not set properly, or that it is simply out of calibration. The ohms measurement must be recorded in your heating cable tests log (page 34).

**Test 2: Conductor and ground braid continuity (required)**

The heating cable is protected by a ground braid. An electrical insulator prevents any contact between the braid and the two conductors. To make sure there is no contact between the braid and the two conductors, you must perform a continuity test. Using the continuity test (buzzer logo) function of your multimeter, test your cable between the braid and one of the two power leads. If there is no continuity (if the test is successful), the multimeter will display, depending on the instrument used, either “OL” for “over load” or “I” for “infinity”. Otherwise, if the test fails, neither “OL”, nor “I” will be displayed and a warning tone will be heard. The test result must be recorded in your heating cable tests log (page 34).

**Test 3: Insulation resistance (recommended)**

This test is meant to detect very small breaks throughout the cable insulation. These breaks often remain undetected during the continuity test since they are not necessarily short circuits between the conductor and the ground braid. Even though they are small, these breaks are likely to cause a current leakage to ground. Such a leakage is usually detected by the mandatory ground-fault circuit interrupter “GFCI” (thermostat with integrated GFCI or panel mount GFCI). When a current leakage is detected, the GFCI trips the circuit, thus disabling the floor heating system. In order to perform the insulation resistance test, you must, using a megohmmeter (Mohm logo), take an insulation measurement between the braid and one of the two power leads. Make sure the megohmmeter range is set at 1000 V. The insulation resistance measurement must be equal to or greater than 1 Gigaohms (1 Gigaohms = 1 G ohms = 1000 M ohms = 1000 Mega ohms). The insulation resistance measurement must be recorded in your heating cable tests log (page 34).

**Test 4: DITRA-HEAT Thermostat Floor Temperature Sensor Test (required)**

Test the floor temperature sensors using a multimeter to verify accuracy of the sensors. Set the multimeter to the resistance setting (i.e., Ω or 20k Ω +/-2, as applicable) at room temperature and take a reading between the sensor leads. The resistance will vary according to the temperature (i.e., the colder the sensor, the higher the resistance). Compare values with the table of expected values and record in the heating cable tests log on page 34.
Installation

Check to ensure the heating cable(s) purchased match the power supply (i.e., 120 V with 120 V or 240 V with 240 V, or 240 V with 208 V). Check to ensure you are not exceeding the 15 amp limit of the thermostat. Compare the purchased cable area to the floor area to be heated. Important: The cable area purchased should be as close to the heated area as possible, without going over. The heating cable CANNOT be trimmed or shortened to fit.

It is recommended that the installation of the DITRA-HEAT system is photographed (e.g., heating cable layout, floor temperature sensor placements, transition splice location, end splice location, and wide view of the room) for reference with future renovation work and troubleshooting. The homeowner/end user should retain these photos for their records.

Notes:
- Make sure to leave space for inserting the floor temperature sensors.
- Heating cables may not touch, cross over, or overlap one another.
- Minimum spacing from:
  - Walls, partitions, and fixed cabinets is 2" (50 mm)
  - Plumbing drains and forced air heating vents is 4" (100 mm)
  - Centerline of toilet drain is 7" (180 mm)

Embed the heating cables between studs, at a spacing determined in the Planning section on page 17. A repeating 2 stud or narrower spacing shall not be used as it may cause overheating and cable malfunction. Exception: A two-stud spacing is used when connecting a 240 V cable to a 208 V power supply. See page 31 for more information. A wider spacing (e.g., 4 studs) will not provide sufficient power to warm the floor to the desired temperature.

Extending the heating cable cold lead

The cold lead is made up of two 14 AWG conductors with a copper braided shield, that is used as the grounding conductor. The extension must be made with building wire that is suitable for this application and complies with applicable building and electrical codes. The cold lead itself is not made of building wire and therefore cannot pass through studs unless run through a conduit. Extension of the cold lead requires the addition of a “code compliant” junction box that must be accessible at all times. The maximum length for extending the cold lead is 75 ft (23 m).

Extending the floor temperature sensor

The temperature sensor can be extended using an 18 AWG, 2-wire cable. The sensor wire itself is not made of building wire and therefore cannot pass through studs unless run through a conduit. We recommend twisting and soldering the wires and using electrical tape to insulate them. There is no maximum length that is recommended, however the longer the extension the greater the possibility that the quality of the signal (and resulting temperature sensing) will be skewed. Regardless of the method used, the resulting splice must comply with applicable building and electrical codes. A loose connection between the extension and the sensor will result in a false reading or an error code.
Waterproofing

The following steps are required for waterproofing only:

**Note:** While the heating cable is protected by the DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO matting, be careful when applying the mortar to not damage the cable with the notched trowel.

1. At the joints, fill the matting with Schluter SET®, Schluter ALL-SET®, Schluter FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar, approximately 8" (203 mm) wide, centered over the joint.

2. Comb additional Schluter SET®, Schluter ALL-SET®, Schluter FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar over the joint using a 1/4" x 3/16" (6 mm x 5 mm) V-notched trowel or the KERDI-TROWEL, which features a 1/8" x 1/8" (3 mm x 3 mm) square-notched design.

3. Apply 5" (127 mm)-wide KERDI-BAND, centered over the joint. Using the flat side of the trowel, firmly press the banding into the mortar to ensure 100% coverage and to remove excess mortar and air pockets.

4. At all wall junctions, apply KERDI-BAND as described in steps 1-3, centered where the wall and floor meet. In some applications the vertical section of the floor/wall transition will not accept a bond to unmodified thin-set mortar. Connections to such elements can be achieved using KERDI-FIX sealant and bonding compound or suitable trowel-applied waterproofing materials, such as those that require atmospheric moisture to cure (e.g., urethane sealant).

**Note:** KERDI-BAND must lap DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO at seams and at floor/wall transitions by a minimum of 2" (50 mm) in order to maintain waterproof integrity.
Tiles

Note: While the heating cable is protected by the DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO matting, be careful when applying the mortar to not damage the cable with the notched trowel.

1. Tile can be installed over DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO immediately; no need to wait for the mortar to cure. Fill the matting with Schluter SET®, Schluter ALL-SET®, Schluter FAST-SET®, or unmodified thin-set mortar and comb additional mortar over the matting using a trowel that is appropriate for the size of the tile.

Note: Coverage may vary with mortar consistency, angle at which the trowel is held, substrate flatness, etc. If full coverage is not achieved, remove and reapply, making sure to verify proper mortar consistency and application. For large-format tiles, e.g., 12” x 12” (305 mm x 305 mm) and larger, back-buttering the tiles with a skim coat of thin-set mortar is a useful way to help ensure proper coverage. The skim coat can fill in the concave area on the back of the tile (ceramic tiles are not perfectly flat) and improve contact with the mortar combed on the substrate.

2. Solidly embed the tiles in the setting material, making sure to observe the open time of the bonding mortar. If the mortar skins over prior to tile installation, remove and reapply.

3. Periodically remove and check a tile to ensure that full coverage is being attained.

4. Once the tile installation is complete, retest the heating cable and record values in the heating cable tests log (page 34). Allow the assembly to cure for 7 days after grouting before putting the floor warming into service.

Operating Tips

- Do not place furniture or mats over the floor temperature sensor. They can act as insulation and raise the floor temperature reading at the thermostat. This may cause the heating to turn off before the remainder of the floor reaches the desired temperature.

- Area rugs are not recommended over the DITRA-HEAT system, but if used, they shall have an insulating R-value not greater than 1 (Rsi not greater than 0.18). The area rugs shall not be located on top of where the floor temperature sensor is placed, as it will otherwise reduce the heat efficiency.

- Futons, mattresses, floor-level furniture, pillows, etc. must not be placed directly onto the heated floor. Placement of items directly onto the heated floor will prevent heat diffusion (i.e., air circulation) and could result in damage.

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ESTIMATED THIN-SET COVERAGE

To bond DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO to the substrate, using the DITRA-HEAT trowel, or other 1/4” x 1/4” (6 mm x 6 mm) square-notched trowel:
Use one 50 lb. (22.68 kg) bag of mortar per 100 ft² (9.3 m²).

To bond the tile to the DITRA-HEAT, using a 1/4” x 3/8” (6 mm x 10 mm) square- or U-notched trowel:
Use one 50 lb (22.68 kg) bag of mortar per 40 - 50 ft² (3.7 - 4.6 m²).

To bond the tile to the DITRA-HEAT, using a 1/2” x 1/2” (13 mm x 13 mm) square- or U-notched trowel:
Use one 50 lb (22.68 kg) bag of mortar per 30 - 40 ft² (2.8 - 3.7 m²).
Discussion of thin-set mortars and Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT installations

Schluter®-Systems offers thin-set mortars designed for use with Schluter® membranes and boards. All Schluter®-Systems' thin-set mortars, including the Schluter ALL-SET® and Schluter FAST-SET® modified varieties, can be used to set tile over Schluter®-DITRA, DITRA-HEAT, KERDI, KERDI-BOARD non absorptive substrates. If Schluter®-thin set mortars are not used, we require unmodified thin-set mortar when setting ceramic or porcelain tile over DITRA-HEAT.

**QUESTION:** Can ceramic tile, including porcelain tile, be set on DITRA-HEAT with unmodified thin-set mortar?

**ANSWER:** Yes. In fact, we recommend it. Here's why:

Portland cement-based unmodified thin-set mortars are dependent on the presence of moisture for hydration in order to gain strength. Since DITRA-HEAT is impervious, it does not deprive the mortar of its moisture. This allows the cement to properly hydrate, resulting in a strong, dense bond coat. In fact, after the mortar has reached final set (usually within 24 hours), unmodified thin-set mortars achieve higher strengths when cured in continually moist conditions.

**QUESTION:** Can ceramic tile, including porcelain tile, be set on DITRA-HEAT with latex-modified thin-set mortar?

**ANSWER:** In general, we don't recommend it. Here's why:

Latex-modified mortars must dry for the polymers to coalesce and form a hard film in order to gain strength. When sandwiched between two impervious materials such as DITRA-HEAT and ceramic tile, including porcelain tile, drying takes place very slowly through the open joints in the tile covering. [According to the TCNA Handbook for Ceramic, Glass, and Stone Tile Installation, this drying period can fluctuate from 14 days to over 60 days, depending on the geographic location, the climatic conditions, etc.]. Therefore, extended cure times could be required before grouting if using modified thin-set mortars between DITRA-HEAT and ceramic tile, including porcelain tile. If extended cure times were not observed, the results could be unpredictable.

**QUESTION:** Can Schluter ALL-SET® and Schluter FAST-SET® modified thin-set mortars be used to set tile over Schluter boards and membranes?

**ANSWER:** Yes.

All Schluter® thin-set mortars, including the Schluter ALL-SET® and Schluter FAST-SET® modified varieties can be used to set tile over DITRA, DITRA-HEAT, KERDI, KERDI-BOARD, etc. non absorptive substrates.

**QUESTION:** How is this possible?

**ANSWER:** The key is predictability.

Schluter Systems’ modified thin-set mortars have been specifically formulated to set and gain strength in a timeframe that fits typical installation practice, even when sandwiched between Schluter® membranes or boards and porcelain tile. The proportions of cement, water-retention agents, polymers, and other components in the mixtures were balanced to ensure that extended dry times are not required. This was validated through both laboratory and practical testing. Now, the installer can select from either unmodified or modified thin-set mortar to install tiles within our systems according to his or her preference.

**QUESTION:** Why did Schluter Systems change its position on thin-set mortar?

**ANSWER:** We haven't changed our position on thin-set mortar use within our systems.

Developing our own setting materials has given us the ability to guarantee consistently positive results. And since we control the formulas, we can be sure no changes will be made that have a negative impact on setting times and strength gain in these environments.

**QUESTION:** Does this mean I can use other manufacturers’ modified thin-set mortars to install tile over Schluter boards and membranes?

**ANSWER:** No.

Our position on thin-set mortar use within our systems in general has not changed. We have no control over the formulation of other manufacturers’ products and therefore cannot guarantee consistently positive results with their modified thin-set mortars.

**QUESTION:** Can I still use other manufacturers’ unmodified thin-set mortars to install tile over Schluter boards and membranes?

**ANSWER:** Yes.

We still warrant the use of unmodified thin-set mortar meeting ANSI A118.1 to install tile within our systems because we have confidence in the performance of this product category. This is based on the science of cement hydration and years of positive testing and field experience.

Please note, if Schluter® thin-set mortars are used with Schluter membranes an extended system warranty is available.

**ADDITIONAL NOTES**

Pre-mixed thin-set mortars and mastics are not suitable for use in conjunction with DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO.

Remember, the type of mortar used to apply DITRA-HEAT depends on the type of substrate. The mortar must bond to the substrate and mechanically anchor the fleece on the underside of the DITRA-HEAT. For example, bonding DITRA-HEAT to wood requires latex-modified thin-set mortar. When bonding DITRA-HEAT to particularly dry, porous concrete with unmodified thin-set mortar, the slab should be moistened to saturate the concrete and help prevent premature drying of the mortar. Excess or standing surface water must be removed prior to installation. Additionally, all mortars (modified and unmodified) have an acceptable temperature range that must be observed during application and curing.
DITRA-HEAT-E-HK are twisted pair heating cables designed for integration with the DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO uncoupling membranes in interior floor warming applications.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>Heating Cable Length</th>
<th>Area Covered per Cable Spacing</th>
<th>Total Power</th>
<th>Avg. Power per Unit Area per Cable Spacing</th>
<th>Current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Regular 3 Stud</td>
<td>Alternating 3-2 Stud</td>
<td>Watts/ft² (Watts/m²)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heating Cable (120 V)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>DHE HK 120 11</td>
<td>35.3</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>10.7</td>
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<td>8.9</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

| Heating Cable (240 V) |                      |                                |             |                           |                     |                     |                     |                     |       |
| DHE HK 240 11 | 35.3 | 10.8 | 10.7 | 1.0 | 8.9 | 0.8 | 135 | 12.6 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 0.6 |
| DHE HK 240 16 | 53.1 | 16.2 | 16.1 | 1.5 | 13.4 | 1.2 | 203 | 12.6 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 0.8 |
| DHE HK 240 21 | 70.6 | 21.5 | 21.4 | 2.0 | 17.8 | 1.7 | 270 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 1.1 |
| DHE HK 240 26 | 88.2 | 26.9 | 26.7 | 2.5 | 22.2 | 2.1 | 338 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 1.4 |
| DHE HK 240 32 | 105.8 | 32.2 | 32.0 | 3.0 | 26.7 | 2.5 | 405 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 1.7 |
| DHE HK 240 38 | 124.1 | 37.8 | 37.5 | 3.5 | 31.3 | 2.9 | 475 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 2.0 |
| DHE HK 240 43 | 141.0 | 43.0 | 42.6 | 4.0 | 35.5 | 3.3 | 540 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 2.3 |
| DHE HK 240 53 | 176.3 | 53.7 | 53.3 | 5.0 | 44.4 | 4.1 | 675 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 2.8 |
| DHE HK 240 64 | 211.6 | 64.5 | 64.0 | 5.9 | 53.3 | 5.0 | 810 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 3.4 |
| DHE HK 240 75 | 248.2 | 75.7 | 75.1 | 7.0 | 62.6 | 5.8 | 960 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 4.0 |
| DHE HK 240 86 | 282.1 | 86.0 | 85.3 | 7.9 | 71.1 | 6.6 | 1090 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 4.5 |
| DHE HK 240 103 | 339.4 | 103.4 | 102.7 | 9.5 | 85.6 | 7.9 | 1300 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 5.4 |
| DHE HK 240 129 | 425.8 | 129.8 | 128.8 | 12.0 | 107.3 | 10.0 | 1630 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 6.8 |
| DHE HK 240 145 | 480.5 | 146.5 | 145.3 | 13.5 | 121.1 | 11.3 | 1840 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 7.7 |
| DHE HK 240 167 | 551.0 | 167.9 | 166.7 | 15.5 | 138.9 | 12.9 | 2110 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 8.8 |
| DHE HK 240 183 | 605.9 | 184.7 | 183.3 | 17.0 | 152.7 | 14.2 | 2330 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 9.7 |
| DHE HK 240 204 | 673.8 | 205.4 | 203.8 | 18.9 | 169.9 | 15.8 | 2580 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 10.7 |
| DHE HK 240 225 | 744.4 | 226.9 | 225.2 | 20.9 | 187.7 | 17.4 | 2850 | 12.7 | 136 | 15.2 | 164 | 11.9 |

Each heating cable includes a floor temperature sensor compatible with the DITRA-HEAT-E thermostats and features an approximately 7 ft (2.1 m) long cold lead.
Product Evaluation

Schluter®-Systems is committed to providing reliable installation systems for ceramic and stone tile. As part of this commitment, we have invested considerable resources in testing our products and obtaining certifications where applicable to provide our customers and local code officials with relevant data that supports the efficacy of our systems. All the testing referenced below was performed by independent laboratories.

Uncoupling and Support/Load Distribution

The method used to establish the overall performance of a tile assembly under loading is the ASTM C627 “Standard Test Method for Evaluating Ceramic Floor Tile Installation Systems Using the Robinson Type Floor Tester.” The assembly is tested in cycles using a loaded, revolving carriage. Load, wheel hardness, and number of revolutions vary with each cycle. Once a specified level of damage is exceeded, the test is stopped. The TCNA Handbook for Ceramic, Glass, and Stone Tile Installation assigns performance levels to an assembly based on the number of cycles successfully completed. The ratings include residential, light, moderate, heavy, and extra heavy, in order of improving performance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Report Number</th>
<th>Substrate</th>
<th>Joist Spacing</th>
<th>Tile</th>
<th>Rating</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TCNA-415-13</td>
<td>OSB</td>
<td>19.2&quot; o.c.</td>
<td>12&quot; x 12&quot; porcelain</td>
<td>Extra Heavy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCNA-415-13</td>
<td>OSB</td>
<td>24&quot; o.c.</td>
<td>12&quot; x 12&quot; carrara marble</td>
<td>Light</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTMAC-UFT09-2013</td>
<td>Concrete</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>12&quot; x 12&quot; porcelain</td>
<td>Moderate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCNA-415-13</td>
<td>Concrete</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>2&quot; x 2&quot; porcelain</td>
<td>Light</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Assembly Notes:
1. All plywood and OSB subfloors were 23/32" (3/4" nom.) -thick; 11/32" (3/8" nom.)-thick OSB underlayment added for carrara marble test
2. Modified thin-set mortar (ANSI A118.11) to bond membrane to plywood and OSB
3. Unmodified thin-set mortar (ANSI A118.1) to bond membrane to concrete
4. Unmodified thin-set mortar (ANSI A118.1) to bond tile to membrane
5. High Performance Cement Grout (ANSI A118.7)

The test results above demonstrate that DITRA-HEAT performs extremely well under load while at the same time providing flexibility within the shear plane. DITRA-HEAT-DUO was found to be suitable for residential and light commercial traffic, depending on the substrate and tile chosen.

Waterproofing

DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO provide reliable waterproofing in interior applications. The products have been found to meet or exceed the requirements of the American National Standard Specifications for Load Bearing, Bonded, Waterproof Membranes for Thin-set Ceramic Tile and Stone Installation A118.10.

Sound Control

DITRA-HEAT-DUO reduces impact sound transmission through floor-ceiling assemblies and supports the covering to ensure a lasting installation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Report</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Floor</th>
<th>Ceiling</th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>NGC 7016078</td>
<td>ASTM E2179</td>
<td>8&quot; Concrete</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Δι = 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>IN17-007</td>
<td>ASTM E492</td>
<td>8&quot; Concrete</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ι = 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>IN18_001</td>
<td>ASTM E492</td>
<td>9&quot; wire suspended ceiling with gypsum board</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ι = 67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>IN17_059</td>
<td>ASTM E492</td>
<td>6&quot; Concrete</td>
<td>RSIC-1 clips with gypsum board</td>
<td>Ι = 60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*All assemblies featured 12" x 12" porcelain tile over DITRA-HEAT-DUO installed with cement based thin-set mortars and grouts

DITRA-HEAT-DUO has been found to meet or exceed the requirements of the American National Specifications for Bonded Sound Reduction Membranes for Thin-Set Ceramic Tile Installation A118.13.
**Vapor Management**

The free space under the DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO matings allow the substrate to breathe, while the material composition provides for a very low water vapor permeance, which prevents any significant vapor intrusion in the tile assembly from below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
<th>Performance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT</td>
<td>ASTM E96*</td>
<td>0.21 perms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT-DUO</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.48 perms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Using the water method at 73°F (23°C) and 50% RH

The result is the DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO effectively manage vapor and prevent damage to the tile covering as a result.

**Certifications**

**Heating Cables**

The DITRA-HEAT-E-HK heating cables sets are certified or listed to the following standards and usage:

- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 130-03 "Requirements for Electrical Resistance Heating Cables and Heating Device Sets" under usage markings GXW for general use (G) with a wet rating (W), but specifically (X) for floor embedded indoor floor warming applications.

For products bearing the cCSAus certification mark:

- UL 1673 "Electric Space Heating Cables" for installation in poured masonry floors within enclosed structures.

For products bearing the cULus certification mark:

- UL 1683 "Outline of investigation for Electric Heating Products For Installation Under Floor Coverings"

**Thermostat**

DITRA-HEAT-E-WiFi thermostat WiFi radio chip authorized by the FCC (USA) and IC (Canada) under the following numbers:

- FCC ID..................AZY-HF-LPT200
- IC ID...................12243A-HFLPT2001

The DITRA-HEAT-E-RT/-R/-WiFi digital thermostats are UL listed according to the following standards:

- UL 60730-1 “Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use – Part 1: General Requirements”
- UL 60730-2-9 “Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use – Part 2-9: Particular Requirements for Temperature Sensing Controls”
- CSA E60730-1:13 “Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use – Part 1: General Requirements”
- CSA E60730-2-9 “Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use – Part 2-9: Particular Requirements for Temperature Sensing Controls”
- UL 943 4th ed. “Ground-Fault Circuit Interrupters”
- CSA C22.2 No. 144.1-06 “Ground-Fault Circuit Interrupters”

**Membrane**

DITRA-HEAT:

- ICC-ES Report No. ESR-2467
- ICC-ES PMG Report No. PMG-1204
- U.S. Pat. No. 8,950,141, and U.S. DES. PAT. No. D706459
  - Canada © Schluter Systems L.P. and other patents pending

DITRA-HEAT-DUO:

- ICC-ES Report No. ESR-2467
- ICC-ES PMG Report No. PMG-1204
- Patent pending

**Green Building**

DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO have been evaluated according to the “Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers, Version 1.1” for California Specification 01350 and found to comply with the VOC requirements. California Specification 01350 is referenced by various green building standards and rating systems.
### Discussion of sound control in conjunction with ceramic & stone tile

Controlling sound transmission through floor/ceiling assemblies in multi-story construction can present challenges to architects and design professionals, particularly when hard surface coverings, including ceramic and stone tiles, are used. This is because sound control materials tend to be compressible and may not provide adequate support for the tile layer in thin-set applications. However, there are practical methods that allow for the use of tile and stone while providing sound transmission control.

### Sound transmission evaluation and requirements

Impact sound transmission through floor-ceiling assemblies is most commonly measured in the laboratory according to test method ASTM E492. The measured data is used to calculate a single-number rating per ASTM E989 called impact insulation class (IIC). The contribution of a flooring assembly to the IIC of an assembly with a concrete slab subfloor can be determined using the ASTM E2179 test method. The test method yields a rating called $\Delta$IIC (delta IIC), and measures the performance of the combination of all elements above the concrete. $\Delta$IIC values are useful tools to compare the performance of different flooring assemblies over a concrete slab. However, full assembly testing can be used as the basis for designing floor-ceiling assemblies to meet impact sound control requirements. For example, the International Building Code (IBC) requires a minimum IIC of 50 and the International Residential Code (IRC) a minimum IIC of 45. Condominium or homeowners associations may have their own requirements, which are typically higher than code minimums.

### DITRA-HEAT-DUO

Schüller®-DITRA-HEAT integrates electric floor warming with the functions associated with DITRA: uncoupling, waterproofing, vapor management and load support. Schüller®-DITRA-HEAT-DUO integrates two additional benefits: reducing impact sound transmission through floor-ceiling assemblies and providing faster warm-up times. While sound control materials tend to be compressible, DITRA-HEAT-DUO supports the covering to ensure a lasting installation. This versatility makes the system an ideal solution for ceramic and stone tile floor installations in many applications, such as multi-story residential construction, hotel guest rooms, and many more.
Test Results

Test results of assemblies with DITRA-HEAT-DUO and porcelain tile over concrete are listed in the table below. DITRA-HEAT-DUO with porcelain tile received a rating of ΔIIC 20, a significant contribution to sound rated floor-ceiling designs. To further improve IIC ratings, sound rated ceilings can be installed below the subfloor. Wood construction sound tests are in progress.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<td>6&quot; Concrete</td>
<td>RSIC-1 clips with gypsum board</td>
<td>IIC = 60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*All assemblies featured 12" x 12" porcelain tile over DITRA-HEAT-DUO installed with cement based thin-set mortars and grouts

Installation Considerations

In laboratory testing, sound energy transmission is directed through the test specimen only, with negligible transfer through other paths. The values provide an accurate picture of the sound control characteristics of the test specimen itself. However, floor/ceiling assemblies may not perform as expected in the field if they are not isolated from adjacent walls to prevent sound energy transfer. Thus, perimeter joints are not only necessary to accommodate expansion of the tile assembly, but to also prevent “flanking” sound transfer. Schluter®-Systems provides a range of prefabricated movement joint profiles that can be used for these purposes.
Solution to improve floor warming response time

The challenge of concrete substrates

Concrete substrates can absorb enough heat energy to significantly increase the time it takes for floors to warm up, particularly when there is no insulation layer below the concrete. In some cases, floors may never reach the desired temperature. There are solutions suggested by other heating cable manufacturers to address this challenge, such as installing the heating cables at closer spacing for increased energy output or installing a thermal break prior to heating cable installation to reduce heat loss into the substrate. However, both of these solutions increase material and labor costs.

A one-step solution

Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT-DUO offers the same functions as the Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT membrane, but also features an integrated thermal break in the form of a thicker bonding fleece. The thermal break reduces the initial rates of heat loss to the substrate, and improves the floor warming response time during temperature ramp-ups. Since an effective thermal break can be created with a relatively low R-value, the DITRA-HEAT-DUO membrane is only 5/16” (8 mm)-thick, compared to DITRA-HEAT at 1/4” (5.5 mm)-thick.

Thermal resistance

The DITRA-HEAT-DUO thermal break was tested according to the ASTM C518 “Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus” and determined to have an R-value of 0.35. This value may seem low, but it is sufficient to improve the system warm up time. Increased thermal resistance may be required if improving overall energy efficiency is also desired and the floor warming system is to be used for extended periods instead of limited hours during the morning and at night.

Floor warming performance

In laboratory testing, DITRA-HEAT-DUO reduced floor warming response time from 68°F (20°C) to 78°F (25.5°C) by approximately 80% (90 minutes) compared to DITRA-HEAT over a concrete substrate.

Wood substrates act as insulators and typically do not pose the same challenges as concrete substrates. In the same laboratory testing, DITRA-HEAT-DUO only reduced floor warming response time from 68°F (20°C) to 78°F (25.5°C) by approximately 20% (5 minutes) compared to DITRA-HEAT over a plywood substrate.

Results above are based upon laboratory testing. Actual results may vary depending on various factors, including concrete substrate thickness, concrete substrate temperature, room temperature, heat losses, etc.
Concrete substrates absorb more heat energy than wood substrates. As such, the time required for an electric floor warming system, such as Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT, to bring a tile covering to the desired temperature will be longer for applications over concrete than for applications over plywood/OSB. The warm up time will vary depending on many factors, including concrete thickness, temperature, location, and insulation. Therefore Schluter Systems cannot predict or guarantee the temperature increase over time as follows:

**Elevated Concrete**

Elevated concrete substrates, as found in multi-story residential construction, hotels, etc. will typically be located over another occupied space that is at or near room temperature. For these applications, the DITRA-HEAT-DUO membrane with integrated thermal break is an excellent means to reduce the warm up time and will typically produce satisfactory results.

**Concrete on or Below Grade**

Concrete substrates placed on or below grade, as in basements or first floors of single-family dwellings, have the potential to absorb even more heat energy than elevated concrete substrates and further extend the warm up time. This effect is exacerbated if there is no insulation provided below the concrete on ground.

If the concrete on grade is sufficiently insulated, the DITRA-HEAT-DUO membrane with integrated thermal break can reduce the warm up time and satisfactory results will typically be achieved. If the concrete is not insulated, the DITRA-HEAT-DUO thermal break is likely not sufficient to reduce the warm up time to a satisfactory value. In fact, it is possible that the heat loss to the concrete is such that the tile covering will not reach the desired temperature. For these applications, it is likely that providing insulation on top of the concrete will be required to produce satisfactory floor warming performance. If providing insulation on top of the concrete is not possible, the use of the continuously alternating 3-2 stud heating cable spacing is recommended. This alternating cable spacing will provide a 20% increase in heat output compared to the 3 stud spacing and a similar reduction in warm up time, over and above the reduction obtained with the DITRA-HEAT-DUO membrane, depending on your particular application or installation. Please contact a design professional (e.g., HVAC contractor, engineer or architect) and Schluter Systems to discuss such projects during the planning stage.
Discussion of Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT-E-HK Heating Cables in 208 V Applications

Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT offers complete flexibility when creating warm floors in any application. Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT-E-HK heating cables are designed for use with common 120 V and 240 V power sources. 208 V power sources are used in some cases to handle larger loads (e.g., HVAC equipment, motors, etc.) or to improve energy efficiency.

Schluter®-Systems recommends using the DITRA-HEAT-E-HK 240 V heating cables when a 208 V power source is present. However, this will reduce the heating power by 25% to 9.5 W/ft² at the standard 3-stud cable spacing, which may not be sufficient power to warm the floor in these applications. To offset the effect of the lower voltage, we recommend installing the heating cable at a 2-stud spacing in these applications. This results in an increased heating power of 14.2 W/ft², which will ensure adequate performance.

The heating cable will cover 33% less area when spaced at 2 studs compared to 3 studs. Therefore, a longer heating cable must be selected to cover a given area in these applications. Coverage for each 240 V heating cable spaced at 2 studs can be found in the table below.

### DITRA-HEAT-E-HK 240 V Heating Cables in 208 V Applications at 2 Stud Spacing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>Length (ft - m)</th>
<th>Area (ft² - m²)</th>
<th>Power (W)</th>
<th>Average Power (W/ft² - W/m²)</th>
<th>Current (A)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 11</td>
<td>35.3 – 10.8</td>
<td>7.1 – 0.7</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 16</td>
<td>53.1 – 16.2</td>
<td>10.7 – 1.0</td>
<td>152</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 21</td>
<td>70.5 – 21.5</td>
<td>14.2 – 1.3</td>
<td>203</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 27</td>
<td>88.2 – 26.9</td>
<td>17.8 – 1.7</td>
<td>254</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>1.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 32</td>
<td>105.8 – 32.2</td>
<td>21.3 – 2.0</td>
<td>304</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 38</td>
<td>124.1 – 37.5</td>
<td>25.0 – 2.3</td>
<td>356</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>1.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 43</td>
<td>141 – 43.0</td>
<td>28.4 – 2.6</td>
<td>405</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 53</td>
<td>176.3 – 53.7</td>
<td>35.5 – 3.3</td>
<td>506</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 64</td>
<td>211.6 – 64.5</td>
<td>42.7 – 4.0</td>
<td>608</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>2.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 75</td>
<td>248.2 – 75.7</td>
<td>50.0 – 4.7</td>
<td>713</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>3.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 85</td>
<td>282.1 – 86.0</td>
<td>56.9 – 5.3</td>
<td>810</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>3.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 103</td>
<td>339.4 – 103.4</td>
<td>68.4 – 6.4</td>
<td>975</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>4.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 129</td>
<td>425.8 – 129.8</td>
<td>85.8 – 8.0</td>
<td>1223</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>5.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 145</td>
<td>480.5 – 146.5</td>
<td>96.9 – 9.0</td>
<td>1380</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>6.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 167</td>
<td>551 – 167.9</td>
<td>111.1 – 10.3</td>
<td>1583</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>7.6</td>
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<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 183</td>
<td>605.9 – 184.7</td>
<td>122.1 – 11.4</td>
<td>1740</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>8.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 204</td>
<td>673.8 – 205.4</td>
<td>135.8 – 12.6</td>
<td>1935</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>9.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 225</td>
<td>744.4 – 226.9</td>
<td>150.1 – 13.9</td>
<td>2138</td>
<td>14.2 - 152.8</td>
<td>10.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

We recommend consulting with a qualified electrician for design and installation of your DITRA-HEAT system on a 208 V power source. Keep in mind during design of the system that the DITRA-HEAT-E thermostats have an electrical current limit of 15 A.
Discussion on use of Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT for space heating

**QUESTION:** Can I use DITRA-HEAT to heat my bathroom, kitchen, or other areas in the home?

**ANSWER:** It is possible, but full analysis of the application by a HVAC professional is required:

Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT is intended to warm tile floors and make them more comfortable underfoot, but can contribute to space heating. As the tile covering warms up, it will radiate heat to the surrounding objects in the room and increase the ambient temperature.

The amount of heat required to achieve a comfortable room temperature depends on many variables, including but not limited to the following:

- Starting temperature and target temperature
- Size of room and height of the ceiling
- Heat loss through walls, substrate, windows, and doors according to size and R-value of the components
- Total area heated

All of these variables must be considered to calculate the required heat output of the system and determine if the system can meet the needs of the owner.

Schluter Systems does not perform heating load calculations as a service for customers and recommends that a HVAC professional is consulted to perform such an analysis. However, Schluter Systems does provide the heating cable operating output to aid in these calculations, as shown below. The real heat output to the room from the heated floor will vary depending on its surface temperature.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Heating cables</th>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>Total Power</th>
<th>Area*</th>
<th>Power* (BTU/hr)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>120 V</strong></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 11</td>
<td>135 W</td>
<td>10.7 ft² (0.99 m²)</td>
<td>460.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 16</td>
<td>203 W</td>
<td>16.0 ft² (1.5 m²)</td>
<td>692.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 21</td>
<td>270 W</td>
<td>21.3 ft² (1.98 m²)</td>
<td>921.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 27</td>
<td>338 W</td>
<td>26.7 ft² (2.5 m²)</td>
<td>1153.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 32</td>
<td>405 W</td>
<td>32.0 ft² (3.0 m²)</td>
<td>1381.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 38</td>
<td>475 W</td>
<td>37.5 ft² (3.5 m²)</td>
<td>1620.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 43</td>
<td>540 W</td>
<td>42.7 ft² (4.0 m²)</td>
<td>1842.56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 51</td>
<td>650 W</td>
<td>51.4 ft² (4.78 m²)</td>
<td>2217.89</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 64</td>
<td>815 W</td>
<td>64.4 ft² (6.0 m²)</td>
<td>2780.90</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 73</td>
<td>920 W</td>
<td>72.7 ft² (6.75 m²)</td>
<td>3139.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 83</td>
<td>1055 W</td>
<td>83.3 ft² (7.7 m²)</td>
<td>3599.81</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 92</td>
<td>1160 W</td>
<td>91.7 ft² (8.5 m²)</td>
<td>3998.06</td>
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<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 102</td>
<td>1290 W</td>
<td>101.9 ft² (9.5 m²)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 113</td>
<td>1425 W</td>
<td>112.6 ft² (10.46 m²)</td>
<td>4862.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHE HK 120 134</td>
<td>1700 W</td>
<td>134.3 ft² (12.48 m²)</td>
<td>5800.64</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Heating cables**

### 240 V

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<td>10.7 ft² (0.99 m²)</td>
<td>460.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 16</td>
<td>203 W</td>
<td>16.0 ft² (1.50 m²)</td>
<td>692.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 21</td>
<td>270 W</td>
<td>21.4 ft² (2.0 m²)</td>
<td>921.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 27</td>
<td>338 W</td>
<td>26.7 ft² (2.48 m²)</td>
<td>1153.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 32</td>
<td>405 W</td>
<td>32.0 ft² (3.0 m²)</td>
<td>1381.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 38</td>
<td>475 W</td>
<td>37.5 ft² (3.48 m²)</td>
<td>1620.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 43</td>
<td>540 W</td>
<td>42.7 ft² (3.96 m²)</td>
<td>1842.56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 51</td>
<td>650 W</td>
<td>51.4 ft² (4.78 m²)</td>
<td>2217.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 64</td>
<td>815 W</td>
<td>64.4 ft² (6.0 m²)</td>
<td>2780.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 73</td>
<td>920 W</td>
<td>72.7 ft² (6.75 m²)</td>
<td>3139.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 83</td>
<td>1055 W</td>
<td>83.3 ft² (7.7 m²)</td>
<td>3599.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 92</td>
<td>1160 W</td>
<td>91.7 ft² (8.5 m²)</td>
<td>3998.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 102</td>
<td>1290 W</td>
<td>101.9 ft² (9.5 m²)</td>
<td>4401.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 113</td>
<td>1425 W</td>
<td>112.6 ft² (10.46 m²)</td>
<td>4862.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHE HK 240 134</td>
<td>1700 W</td>
<td>134.3 ft² (12.48 m²)</td>
<td>5800.64</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Values based on specified 3-stud cable spacing

*Values based on specified 3-stud cable spacing
Discussion of natural stone and single-layer wood subfloors

Natural stone is a product of nature with a wide variety of colors, patterns, and textures that come together to distinguish it as one of the premiere surface coverings available on the market. Some of stone’s characteristics, which add to its beauty and uniqueness, are veins, fissures, starts, and dry-seams. While these characteristics enhance its aesthetic appeal, they’re also indicators that point to the inherent variability of the flexural strength of natural stone, which can have detrimental effects on serviceability. This variability is underscored by examining the range of typical flexural (bending) strengths of ceramic tile compared to the range of strength for some common natural stones.

Schluter®-Systems contracted the Tile Council of North America (TCNA) to perform flexural strength testing on various commercially available ceramic tiles and dimension stones guided by the ASTM C880 Standard Test Method for Flexural Strength of Dimension Stone. Five samples of each tile and stone were tested, with the minimum recorded values displayed in the figure below. We have chosen to show only minimum values since these represent the weakest samples, which would be most prone to cracking in service over a bending substrate.

It is clear from the figure that the minimum recorded flexural strengths of these dimension stones tend to be significantly less than those of the ceramic tiles. In some cases, the differences are dramatic. For example, the minimum recorded flexural strength of the weakest travertine sample (337 psi) was only 14% of the minimum flexural strength of the weakest ceramic sample (2438 psi). In other words, the weakest ceramic sample was more than 7 times as strong as the weakest travertine sample. As another example, the minimum recorded flexural strength of the weakest porcelain sample is more than 12 times as strong as the minimum recorded flexural strength of the weakest travertine sample.

Q. Why does Schluter®-Systems recommend a double-layer wood floor for installing natural stone over DITRA-HEAT and DITRA-HEAT-DUO?

A. There are three principle reasons: 1) As illustrated above, the fact that most stone products have a minimum flexural strength that is substantially lower than what is typical for ceramic tile; 2) Stones are products of nature and complex heterogeneous materials with naturally occurring regions of discontinuity, such as veins and fissures. Such features can be weaker than the surrounding stone fabric and act as “stress risers,” concentrating bending stresses within the region of discontinuity; and 3) When wood floor assemblies are subjected to forces such as loading – both live and dead loads – they produce flexural stresses in the surface covering which can cause weak and brittle materials to break or crack.

Engineering mechanics as well as field observations show that the location of maximum flexural stresses in the floor assembly is directly over the floor joists and at seams in the subfloor panels. Therefore, we recommend double-layer wood floors when installing natural stone in order to increase the stiffness of the sheathing assembly and position underlayment seams away from the joists to minimize flexural stresses in the stone covering directly above the joists and at seams. Refer to page 16 for underlayment installation guidelines. For more information on the development of these guidelines, please refer to the article titled “Position of Underlayment to Prevent Cracked Tile and Grout” on our website at https://www.schluter.com/schluter-us/en_US/articles.
Each heating cable is subject to factory quality control. However, damage to the cables may happen after the product leaves the factory. In order to ensure that the cable quality remains unchanged throughout the installation process and for warranty purposes, tests must be conducted while the cable is still on the spool and during two specific subsequent steps. Measurements must be recorded in the table below and compared to initial measurements taken when the cable was on the spool in order to enable you to detect any changes related to the electrical property of the cable. Any installation-related cable damages are not covered by the warranty. See page 19 in this DITRA-HEAT Installation Handbook for complete heating cable testing instructions.

The DITRA-HEAT system has warranty coverage up to a period of fifteen (15) years. In order to receive warranty coverage, the owner must complete and submit the warranty registration card and completed heating cable tests log to Schluter Systems online at https://www.schluter.com/schluter-us/en-US/registerwarranty or via mail at the address provided heaeafter within fourteen (14) day of installation. It is an installation requirement that the heating cable tests log be completed by the installer at the time of installation with a copy submitted to Schluter Systems; it is recommended that the owner retain the original logs. The heating cable tests log must include results for the following tests: “Test 1: Conductor Resistance,” “Test 2: Conductor and Ground Braid Continuity,” “Test 3: Insulation Resistance,” and “Test 4: Thermostat Floor Temperature Sensors Test.” Failure to conduct these tests and submit the heating cable tests log will reduce or may void coverage under this Limited Warranty.

In the event the heating cable tests log only includes the results for “Test 1: Conductor Resistance,” “Test 2: Conductor and Ground Braid Continuity,” and “Test 4: Thermostat Floor Temperature Sensors Test,” but does not include results for “Test 3: Insulation Resistance,” the applicable warranty term shall be ten (10) years from the date of purchase. If the heating cable tests log does not include test results for “Test 1: Conductor Resistance,” “Test 2: Conductor and Ground Braid Continuity,” and “Test 4: Thermostat Floor Temperature Sensors Test,” such installation does not qualify for coverage under this Limited Warranty.

Completion of warranty registration qualifies customers for the system warranty, in which Schluter®-Systems shall a) reinstall or replace the failed portion of the floor covering assembly or b) pay an amount not to exceed the original square foot cost of the installation of the floor covering assembly verified to be defective.

The owner must retain a copy of this heating cable tests log for warranty purposes.

### Heating Cable Tests Log

| Location/Homeowner: ___________________________ | Date of installation: ___________________________ |
| Certified electrician: ___________________________ | Date put into service*: ___________________________ |

#### Identification Factory Value Before Installation After Cable Installation After Tile Installation

**Test 1: Conductor Resistance Test**
Readings must fall within 10% of the factory value printed on the silver heating cable identification tag.

**Test 2: Conductor and Ground Braid Continuity Test**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Infinity (I) or Overload (OL)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Test 3: Insulation Resistance Test**

| Equal to or greater than 1 Gigaohms** |

**Test 4: Thermostat Floor Temperature Sensor Test**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Temperature</th>
<th>Resistance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ºC</td>
<td>ºF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Allow the assembly to cure for 7 days after grouting before putting the floor warming into service.

**1 Gigaohms = 1 G ohms = 1000 M ohms = 1000 Mega ohms
LIMITED WARRANTY COVERAGE: Subject to the conditions and limitations as stated in this Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT 15-Year Limited Warranty (the “Limited Warranty”). Schluter Systems warrants that its Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT System (defined hereafter) will be free from manufacturing defects and will perform as described in the Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT Installation Handbook (the “Written Materials”); it is specifically intended for uncoupling purposes (in conjunction with all other Schluter Products). The warranty is only applicable to the original purchaser of the DITRA-HEAT System and floor covering assembly. For the purposes of this Limited Warranty, a “DITRA-HEAT System” is defined as Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT or Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT-DUO uncoupling membrane and Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT-E-HK heating cables; “Owner” is defined as the original end user of the property in which the DITRA-HEAT System is installed; and “Floor Covering Assembly” is defined to include the DITRA-HEAT System, non-reusable flooring surfaces, and applicable setting and grouting materials.

This Limited Warranty is only applicable to installations in the United States of America and Canada. Schluter Systems is not responsible or liable under any circumstances for determining the suitability of a DITRA-HEAT System for the Owner’s intended purpose. It is the responsibility of the Owner to consult with an experienced and professional installer to ensure the suitability of a DITRA-HEAT System, subfloor/substrate, and all building materials in the installation and that the Written Materials are followed properly.

EXCLUSIONS FROM COVERAGE: This Limited Warranty excludes and in no event shall Schluter Systems have any liability for any indirect, special, incidental, punitive, exemplary, or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising out of or otherwise connected to the failure of a DITRA-HEAT System, regardless of any strict liability or active or passive negligence of Schluter Systems, and regardless of legal theory, whether in contract, tort, extra-contractual or other. This Limited Warranty further excludes any losses or damage arising out of or otherwise connected to: acts of war, terrorism, fire, natural disaster, acts of God, any failure to comply with the Written Materials, inadequate subfloor/substrate, improper preparation or other failure of subfloor/substrate, faulty or negligent installation of a DITRA-HEAT System or subfloor/substrate, intentional acts of destruction, structural failure, misuse or failure to maintain a DITRA-HEAT System, normal wear and tear, scratches, dents, corrosion or discoloration (whether caused by excessive heat, chemical cleaning products, abrasive agents or otherwise), efflorescence, efflorescence and efflorescence, efflorescence and shading which are a natural occurrence with cementitious materials and are not considered a defective condition for the purposes of this Limited Warranty, variations of texture, color or shade from those on product samples, packaging materials or other marketing materials, or other causes unrelated to a DITRA-HEAT System (e.g., floor covering failure, excess point loading, overvoltage). This Limited Warranty excludes exterior applications and applications utilizing glass tile or other non-approved floor coverings, unless specifically approved in writing on a case by case basis by the Schluter Systems Technical Services Director. Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT™-E thermostats are specifically excluded from coverage under this Limited Warranty; warranty coverage for Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT-DUO thermostats are limited and subject to the Schluter-DITRA-HEAT Thermostat 3-Year Limited Warranty. Any substitution of a non-Schluter Systems product for a Schluter Systems component in a DITRA-HEAT System voids this Limited Warranty.

This Limited Warranty is conditioned and will be considered null and void and Schluter Systems will have the right to refuse any claims if: (a) a DITRA-HEAT System has been improperly stored or installed, (b) any component comprising a DITRA-HEAT System has been altered or otherwise modified in any way, (c) a DITRA-HEAT System is subject to abusive or abnormal use, lack of maintenance, or used in a manner other than that for which the DITRA-HEAT System was designed or in any way contrary to the Written Materials, (d) the laminate numbers (electrical ratings) are not accessible, read or recognizable or have been removed from the applicable heating cables or other components, if applicable, or (e) the Owner fails to return a copy of the completed heating cable tests log with the warranty registration card.

DISCLAIMER: There are no warranties beyond this expressed warranty as stated herein. To the extent permitted by law, all other warranties, representations or conditions, expressed or implied, are hereby disclaimed and excluded, including but not limited to the implied warranties of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (as limited to such purposes as described in the Written Materials) or arising from a course of dealing, usage of trade or otherwise by law. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES ARISING BY OPERATION OF LAW ARE LIMITED IN DURATION TO THE TERM OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY. NO REPRESENTATION, PROMISE, AFFIRMATION OR STATEMENT BY ANY EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF SCHLUTER SYSTEMS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF SCHLUTER SYSTEMS IS SPECIFICALLY INCLUSIVE OR AUTHORIZED IN WRITING OR EXEMPLIFIED TO OWNER BY THE SCHLUTER SYSTEMS TECHNICAL SERVICES DIRECTOR. This Limited Warranty is given in lieu of any other warranty, whether expressed or implied. The remedies contained herein are the only remedies available for breach of this Limited Warranty. Schluter Systems excludes and in no event shall have any liability for any indirect, special, incidental, punitive, exemplary, or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising out of or otherwise connected to failure of a DITRA-HEAT System. This Limited Warranty extends only to the Owner and is not transferable or assignable unless authorized by written agreement and signed by the Schluter Systems Technical Services Director or otherwise prohibited by specific state or provincial law. This Limited Warranty gives you specific legal rights; some states and provinces do not allow disclaimers or other restrictions of implied warranties; some of the above disclaimers may not apply to you.

No changes or modifications of any terms or conditions of this Limited Warranty are permitted unless duly authorized in writing by the Schluter Systems Technical Services Director. This Limited Warranty shall supersede and replace any and all prior oral or written warranties, agreements, or other representations made by or on behalf of Schluter Systems relating to a DITRA-HEAT System or the application of a DITRA-HEAT System and shall apply to any installation occurring on or after March 13, 2019. If the Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT or Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT-DUO uncoupling membrane are used in conjunction with other Schluter products, a different Schluter warranty may apply. For the most current information and materials regarding Schluter Systems warranties and programs, please visit https://www.schluter.com/schluter-us/en_US/downloads/.

MAKING A CLAIM: To make a claim under this Limited Warranty, the Owner must provide Schluter Systems with written notice within thirty (30) days of any alleged defect in a DITRA-HEAT System covered by this Limited Warranty, together with date and proof of purchase of such DITRA-HEAT System and/or all of its components and name and address of all installers and all invoices related to the original installation, failing which this Limited Warranty shall have no legal effect. Schluter Systems reserves the right at its election and as a condition of this Limited Warranty to inspect the alleged failed and/or defective DITRA-HEAT System. 

All U.S. Claims shall be sent to: Schluter Systems L.P. Attn: Warranty Claims Dept. 194 Pleasant Ridge Road Plattsburgh, NY 12901-5841 All Canadian Claims shall be sent to: Schluter Systems (Canada) Inc. Attn: Warranty Claims Dept. 21100 chemin Ste-Marie Ste-Anne-de-Bellevue, QC H9X 3Y8

Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT System 15-Year Limited Warranty
LIMITED WARRANTY COVERAGE: Subject to the conditions and limitations as stated in this Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT and Schluter-DITRA-HEAT-DUO Uncoupling Membrane 10-Year Limited Warranty (the “Limited Warranty”), Schluter Systems warrants that its Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT and Schluter-DITRA-HEAT-DUO uncoupling membranes (the “Products”) will be free from manufacturing defects and will perform as described in the Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT Installation Handbook and Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT Technical Data Sheet (collectively, the “Written Materials”) for a period of ten (10) years from the date of purchase when installed and used in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Written Materials and industry standard guidelines that are not in conflict with the Written Materials in effect at the time of installation.

For the purposes of this Limited Warranty, “Owner” is defined as the original end user of the property in which the Products are installed; and “Floor Covering Assembly” is defined to include the Products, non-reusable flooring surfaces, and applicable setting and grouting materials.

This Limited Warranty is only applicable to installations in the United States of America and Canada. Schluter Systems is not responsible or liable under any circumstances for determining the suitability of the Products for the Owner’s intended purpose. It is the responsibility of the Owner to consult with an experienced and professional installer to ensure the suitability of the Products, subfloor/substrate and all building materials in the installation and that the Written Materials are followed properly.

EXCLUSIONS FROM COVERAGE: This Limited Warranty excludes and in no event shall Schluter Systems have any liability for any indirect, special, incidental, punitive, exemplary, or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising out of or otherwise connected to the failure of the Products, regardless of any strict liability or active or passive negligence of Schluter Systems, and regardless of legal theory, whether in contract, tort, extra-contractual or other. This Limited Warranty further excludes any loss or damage arising out of or otherwise connected to: acts of war, terrorism, fire, explosion, natural disaster, acts of God, any failure to comply with the Written Materials, inadequate subfloor/substrate, improper preparation or other failure of subfloor/substrate, faulty or negligent penetration of the Products or subfloor/substrate, intentional acts of destruction, structural failure, misuse of or failure to maintain the Products, normal wear and tear, scratches, dents, corrosion or discoloration (whether caused by excessive heat, chemical cleaning products, abrasive agents or otherwise), efflorescence and shading which are a natural occurrence with cementitious materials and are not considered a defective condition for the purposes of this Limited Warranty, variations of texture, color or shade from those on product samples, packaging materials or other marketing materials, or other causes unrelated to the Products (e.g., floor covering failure, excess point loading, overvoltage). This Limited Warranty excludes exterior applications and applications utilizing glass tile or other non-approved floor coverings used in the original installation. In such event, substantially similar materials may be substituted. This Limited Warranty does not cover the cost of disconnection or installation.

RESOLUTION: If the Products are installed and used in accordance with the terms and conditions as described hereinabove and such Products are proven defective within the applicable warranty term, the Owner’s exclusive remedy and the sole obligation of Schluter Systems, at its election, shall be to: (a) reinstall or replace the failed portion of the Floor Covering Assembly or (b) pay an amount not to exceed the original square foot cost of the installation of the Floor Covering Assembly verified to be defective. Due to conditions beyond the control of Schluter Systems (e.g., color and shade availability, discontinuation, normal wear and tear), Schluter Systems cannot guarantee or warrant an exact match to the specific tile, stone, or other flooring materials used in the original installation. In such event, substantially similar materials may be substituted. This Limited Warranty does not cover the cost of disconnection or installation.

EXCEPTIONS FROM COVERAGE: This Limited Warranty excludes and in no event shall Schluter Systems have any liability for any indirect, special, incidental, punitive, exemplary, or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising out of or otherwise connected to the failure of the Products, regardless of any strict liability or active or passive negligence of Schluter Systems, and regardless of legal theory, whether in contract, tort, extra-contractual or other. This Limited Warranty further excludes any loss or damage arising out of or otherwise connected to: acts of war, terrorism, fire, explosion, natural disaster, acts of God, any failure to comply with the Written Materials, inadequate subfloor/substrate, improper preparation or other failure of subfloor/substrate, faulty or negligent penetration of the Products or subfloor/substrate, intentional acts of destruction, structural failure, misuse of or failure to maintain the Products, normal wear and tear, scratches, dents, corrosion or discoloration (whether caused by excessive heat, chemical cleaning products, abrasive agents or otherwise), efflorescence and shading which are a natural occurrence with cementitious materials and are not considered a defective condition for the purposes of this Limited Warranty, variations of texture, color or shade from those on product samples, packaging materials or other marketing materials, or other causes unrelated to the Products (e.g., floor covering failure, excess point loading, overvoltage). This Limited Warranty excludes exterior applications and applications utilizing glass tile or other non-approved floor coverings used in the original installation. In such event, substantially similar materials may be substituted. This Limited Warranty does not cover the cost of disconnection or installation.

DISCLAIMER: There are no warranties beyond this expressed warranty as stated herein. To the extent permitted by law, all other warranties, representations or conditions, expressed or implied, are hereby disclaimed and excluded, including but not limited to the implied warranties of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (as limited to such purposes as described in the Written Materials) or arising from a course of dealing, usage of trade or otherwise by law. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES ARISING BY OPERATION OF LAW ARE LIMITED IN DURATION TO THE TERM OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY. NO REPRESENTATION, PROMISE, AFFIRMATION OR STATEMENT BY ANY EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF SCHLUTER SYSTEMS WILL BE ENFORCEABLE AGAINST SCHLUTER SYSTEMS UNLESS IT IS SPECIFICALLY INCLUDED IN THIS LIMITED WARRANTY OR AUTHORIZED IN WRITING BY THE SCHLUTER SYSTEMS TECHNICAL SERVICES DIRECTOR. This Limited Warranty is given in lieu of any other warranty, whether expressed or implied. The remedies contained herein are the only remedies available for breach of this Limited Warranty. Schluter Systems excludes and in no event shall have any liability for any indirect, special, incidental, punitive, exemplary, or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising out of or otherwise connected to failure of a DITRA-HEAT System. This Limited Warranty extends only to the Owner and is not transferable or assignable unless authorized by written agreement and signed by the Schluter Systems Technical Services Director or otherwise prohibited by specific state or provincial law. This Limited Warranty gives you specific legal rights; some states and provinces do not allow disclaimers or other restrictions of implied warranties; some of the above disclaimers may not apply to you. No changes or modifications of any terms or conditions of this Limited Warranty are permitted unless duly authorized in writing by the Schluter Systems Technical Services Director. This Limited Warranty shall supersede and replace any and all prior oral or written warranties, agreements, or other representations made by or on behalf of Schluter Systems relative to the Products or the application of the Products and shall apply to any installation occurring on or after March 13, 2019. If the Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT or Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT-DUO uncoupling membrane are used in conjunction with other Schluter products, a different warranty may apply. For the most current information and materials regarding Schluter Systems warranties and programs, please visit https://www.schluter.com/schluter-us/en_US/downloadables.

MAKING A CLAIM: To make a claim under this Limited Warranty, the Owner must provide Schluter Systems® with written notice within thirty (30) days of any alleged defect in the Products covered by this Limited Warranty, together with date and proof of purchase of such Products and/or all of its components and name and address of all installers and all invoices related to the original installation, failing which this Limited Warranty shall have no legal effect. Schluter Systems reserves the right at its election and as a condition of this Limited Warranty to inspect the alleged failed and/or defective Products.

All U.S. Claims shall be sent to:
Schluter Systems L.P.
Attn: Warranty Claims Dept.
194 Pleasant Ridge Road
Plattsburgh, NY 12901

All Canadian Claims shall be sent to:
Schluter Systems (Canada), Inc.
Attn: Warranty Claims Dept.
21100 chemin Ste-Marie
Ste-Anne-de-Bellevue, QC H9X 3Y8

1 If there are any conflicting terms between any Written Materials, the most recently updated document shall be deemed to control.
2 This Limited Warranty is limited to sales of the Products made in and intended for use in the United States and Canada. For the purposes of this Limited Warranty, Schluter Systems L.P. shall offer warranty coverage to Owners located in the United States, and Schluter Systems (Canada) Inc. shall offer warranty coverage to Owners located in Canada.
3 In the event that Owner fails to provide such required invoices relating to the original installation, Schluter Systems shall pay Owner an amount equal to the average, reasonable costs of a comparable installation. If the parties fail to agree on such amount, such dispute shall promptly, and in the first instance, be submitted: (a) if a U.S. claim, to arbitration in Clinton County, New York, in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association, or (b) if a Canadian claim, in the Province of Quebec, Canada, in accordance with the ADRIC Arbitration Rules. Any outcome of such arbitration proceeding shall be final and binding upon the parties hereto.
LIMITED WARRANTY COVERAGE: Subject to the conditions and limitations as stated in this Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT Thermostat 3-Year Limited Warranty (the “Limited Warranty”), Schluter Systems warrants that its Programmable Wi-Fi Thermostat (DHE RT 104/BW), Touchscreen Programmable Thermostat (DHE RT 102/BW), Non-Programmable Thermostat (DHE RT 103/BW), and Power Module (DHE RR 1/BW) (hereafter collectively referred to as the “Products”) will be free from manufacturing defects and will perform as described in the applicable Schluter®-DITRA-HEAT Thermostat User Guide and/or Quick Start Guide (collectively, the “Written Materials”) for a period of three (3) years from the date of purchase when installed and used in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Written Materials and industry standard guidelines that are not in conflict with the Written Materials in effect at the time of installation.

For the purposes of this Limited Warranty, “Owner” is defined as the original end user of the property in which the Products are installed.

This Limited Warranty is only applicable to installations in the United States of America and Canada. Schluter Systems is not responsible or liable under any circumstances for determining the suitability of the Products for the Owner’s intended purpose. It is the responsibility of the Owner to consult with an experienced and professional installer to ensure the suitability of the Products, subfloor/substrate and all building materials in the installation and that the Written Materials are followed properly.

RESOLUTION: If the Products are installed and used in accordance with the terms and conditions as described hereinabove and such Products are proven defective within the applicable warranty term, the Owner’s exclusive remedy and the sole obligation of Schluter Systems, at its election, shall be to repair or replace the Products, and does not cover the cost of disconnection, transport, and installation.

EXCLUSIONS FROM COVERAGE: This Limited Warranty excludes and in no event shall Schluter Systems have any liability for any indirect, special, incidental, punitive, exemplary, or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising out of or otherwise connected to the failure of the Products, regardless of any strict liability or active or passive negligence of Schluter Systems, and regardless of legal theory, whether in contract, tort, extra-contractual or otherwise. This Limited Warranty further excludes any loss or damage arising out of or otherwise connected to: acts of war, terrorism, fire, explosion, natural disaster, acts of God, any failure to comply with the Written Materials, inadequate subfloor/substrate, improper preparation or other failure of subfloor/substrate, faulty or negligent penetration of the Products or subfloor/substrate, intentional acts of destruction, structural failure, misuse of or failure to maintain the Products, normal wear and tear, scratches, dents, corrosion or discoloration (whether caused by excessive heat, chemical cleaning products, abrasive agents or otherwise), efflorescence and shading which are a natural occurrence with cementitious materials and are not considered a defective condition for the purposes of this Limited Warranty, variations of texture, color or shade from those on product samples, packaging materials or other marketing materials, or other causes unrelated to the Products (e.g. excess point loading, overvoltage). This Limited Warranty excludes exterior applications, unless specifically approved in writing on a case by case basis by the Schluter Systems Technical Services Director.

This Limited Warranty is conditioned and will be considered null and void and Schluter Systems will have the right to refuse any claims if: (a) the Products have been improperly stored or installed, (b) any component comprising a Schluter® DITRA-HEAT System has been altered or otherwise modified in any way, or (c) the Products are subject to abusive or abnormal use, lack of maintenance, or used in a manner other than that for which the Products were designed or in any way contrary to the Written Materials.

DISCLAIMER: There are no warranties beyond this expressed warranty as stated herein. To the extent permitted by law, all other warranties, representations or conditions, expressed or implied, are hereby disclaimed and excluded, including but not limited to the implied warranties of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (as limited to such purposes as described in the Written Materials) or arising from a course of dealing, usage of trade or otherwise by law. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES ARISING BY OPERATION OF LAW ARE LIMITED IN DURATION TO THE TERM OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY. NO REPRESENTATION, PROMISE, AFFIRMATION OR STATEMENT BY ANY EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF SCHLUTER SYSTEMS WILL BE ENFORCEABLE AGAINST SCHLUTER SYSTEMS UNLESS IT IS SPECIFICALLY INCLUDED IN THIS LIMITED WARRANTY OR AUTHORIZED IN WRITING BY THE SCHLUTER SYSTEMS TECHNICAL SERVICES DIRECTOR. This Limited Warranty is given in lieu of any other warranty, whether expressed or implied. The remedies contained herein are the only remedies available for breach of this Limited Warranty. Schluter Systems excludes and in no event shall have any liability for any indirect, special, incidental, punitive, exemplary, or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising out of or otherwise connected to failure of a DITRA-HEAT System. This Limited Warranty extends only to the Owner and is not transferable or assignable unless authorized by written agreement and signed by the Schluter Systems Technical Services Director or otherwise prohibited by specific state or provincial law. This Limited Warranty gives you specific legal rights; some states and provinces do not allow disclaimers or other restrictions of implied warranties; some of the above disclaimers may not apply to you. No changes or modifications of any terms or conditions of this Limited Warranty are permitted unless duly authorized in writing by the Schluter Systems Technical Services Director. This Limited Warranty shall supersede and replace any and all prior oral or written warranties, agreements, or other representations made by or on behalf of Schluter Systems relative to the Products or the application of the Products and shall apply to any installation occurring on or after August 1, 2017. For the most current information and materials regarding Schluter Systems warranties and programs, please visit https://www.schluter.com/schluter-us/en_US/downloads.php.

MAKING A CLAIM: To make a claim under this Limited Warranty, the Owner must provide Schluter Systems with written notice within thirty (30) days of any alleged defect in the Products covered by this Limited Warranty, together with date and proof of purchase of such Products and/or all of its components and name and address of all installers and all invoices related to the original installation, failing which this Limited Warranty shall have no legal effect. Schluter Systems reserves the right at its election and as a condition of this Limited Warranty to inspect the alleged failed and/or defective Products.

All U.S. Claims shall be sent to: Schluter Systems L.P.
Attn: Warranty Claims Dept.
194 Pleasant Ridge Road
Plattsburgh, NY 12901

All Canadian Claims shall be sent to: Schluter Systems (Canada), Inc.
Attn: Warranty Claims Dept.
21100 chemin Ste-Marie
Ste-Anne-de-Bellevue, QC H9X 3Y8

1 If there are any conflicting terms between any Written Materials, the most recently updated document shall be deemed to control.
2 This Limited Warranty is limited to sales of the Products made in and intended for use in the United States and Canada. For the purposes of this Limited Warranty, Schluter Systems L.P. shall offer warranty coverage to Owners located in the United States, and Schluter Systems (Canada) Inc. shall offer warranty coverage to Owners located in Canada.
LIMITED WARRANTY COVERAGE: Subject to the conditions and limitations as stated in this Lifetime Thin-Set System Extended Limited Warranty (the ‘Limited Warranty’), Schluter Systems warrants that a Thin-Set System (defined hereafter) will be free from manufacturing defects and will perform as described in the applicable installation handbook(s) and/or technical data sheet(s) (collectively, the “Written Materials”) for the lifetime (defined hereafter) of such Thin-Set System when installed in a Residential or Commercial application (defined hereafter) and used in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Written Materials and industry standard guidelines that are not in conflict with the Written Materials in effect at the time of installation. In order to extend warranty coverage for Schluter® DITRA® or DITRA-XT uncoupling membranes, Schluter®-Shower System, Schluter® KERDI® or KERDI-DS waterproofing membranes, or Schluter® DITRA-HEAT® or Schluter® DITRA-HEAT-DOU™ uncoupling membrane to lifetime coverage under this Lifetime Thin-Set System Extended Limited Warranty, Owner must complete and submit the Thin-Set System Registration to Schluter Systems, available at www.schluter.com, or submit proof of purchase and installation information (including installation date, installer’s name and address) to Schluter Systems at the address provided hereafter within ninety (90) days of installation. Note: Please retain Schluter® Thin-Set Mortar Lot/ Batch Number(s) for Lifetime Warranty Registration. These numbers are required for completion of the warranty registration process.

For the purposes of this Limited Warranty, a “Thin-Set System” is defined as Schluter® DITRA® or DITRA-XT uncoupling membranes, Schluter®-Shower System, Schluter®-KERDI®-BOARD within a Schluter®-Shower System, Schluter® KERDI® or KERDI-DS waterproofing membranes, or Schluter® DITRA-HEAT™ or Schluter® DITRA-HEAT-DOU™ uncoupling membrane installed with Schluter SET®, Schluter ALL-SET®, or Schluter FAST-SET® thin-set mortar; “Owner” is defined as the original end user of the property in which a Thin-Set System is installed; “Lifetime” is defined as that period of time that the original Thin-Set System installation remains unchanged and under the ownership of the Owner; “Residential” applications are defined to include Thin-Set System installations in single-family detached residential dwellings, and “Commercial” applications are defined to include Thin-Set System installations in multi-family residential dwellings (e.g., apartments, condominiums, cooperatives, and timeshares). Thin-Set System installations in public places, commercial establishments and other applications may be afforded lifetime coverage under this Limited Warranty on a case by case basis as determined by the Schluter Systems Technical Services Director.

This Limited Warranty is only applicable to installations in the United States of America and Canada. Schluter Systems is not responsible or liable under any circumstances for determining the suitability of a Thin-Set System for the Owner’s intended purpose. It is the responsibility of the Owner to consult with an experienced and professional installer to ensure the suitability of a Thin-Set System, subfloor/substrate and all building materials in the installation and that the Written Materials are followed properly.

RESOLUTION: If a Thin-Set System is installed and used in accordance with the terms and conditions as described hereinabove and such Thin-Set System is proven defective within the applicable warranty term, the Owner’s exclusive remedy and the sole obligation of Schluter Systems, at its election, shall be to (a) reinstall or replace the failed portion of the Thin-Set System or (b) pay an amount not to exceed the original square foot cost of the installation of the Thin-Set System verified to be defective. Due to conditions beyond the control of Schluter Systems (e.g., color and shade availability, discontinuation, normal wear and tear), Schluter Systems cannot guarantee or warrant an exact match to the specific tile, stone, or other flooring materials used in the original installation. In such event, substantially similar materials may be substituted.

EXCLUSIONS FROM COVERAGE: This Limited Warranty excludes and in no event shall Schluter Systems have any liability for any indirect, special, incidental, punitive, exemplary, or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising out of or otherwise connected to the failure of a Thin-Set System, regardless of any strict liability or active or passive negligence of Schluter Systems, and regardless of legal theory, whether in contract, tort, extra-contractual or other. This Limited Warranty further excludes any loss or damage arising out of or otherwise connected to: acts of war, terrorism, fire, explosion, natural disaster, acts of God, any failure to comply with the Written Materials, inadequate subfloor/substrate, faulty or negligent penetration of a Thin-Set System or subfloor/substrate, intentional acts of destruction, structural failure, misuse of or failure to maintain a Thin-Set System, normal wear and tear, scratches, dents, corrosion or discoloration (whether caused by excessive heat, chemical cleaning products, abrasive agents or otherwise), efflorescence and shading which are a natural occurrence with cementitious materials and are not considered a defective condition for the purposes of this Limited Warranty, variations of texture, color or shade from those on product samples, packaging materials or other marketing materials, or other causes unrelated to a Thin-Set System (e.g. surface covering failure, excess point loading, over-voltage). This Limited Warranty excludes exterior, submerged and steam room applications and further excludes applications using glass tile, mother-of-pearl, shell, or other non-approved surface treatments, unless specifically approved in writing. In any case basis by the Schluter Systems Technical Services Director. Schluter® DITRA-HEAT™-E-HK heating cables and Schluter® DITRA-HEAT™-E thermostats are specifically excluded from coverage under this Limited Warranty. Any substitution of a non-Schluter Systems product for a Schluter Systems component in a Thin-Set System voids this Limited Warranty.

DISCLAIMER: There are no warranties beyond this expressed warranty as stated herein. To the extent permitted by law, all other warranties, representations or conditions, expressed or implied, are hereby disclaimed and excluded, including but not limited to the implied warranties of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (as limited to such purposes as described in the Written Materials) or arising from a course of dealing, usage of trade or otherwise by law. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES ARISING BY OPERATION OF LAW ARE LIMITED IN DURATION TO THE TERM OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY. NO REPRESENTATION, PROMISE, AFFIRMATION OR STATEMENT BY ANY EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF SCHLUTER SYSTEMS WILL BE ENFORCEABLE AGAINST SCHLUTER SYSTEMS UNLESS IT IS SPECIFICALLY INCLUDED IN THIS LIMITED WARRANTY OR AUTHORIZED IN WRITING BY THE SCHLUTER SYSTEMS TECHNICAL SERVICES DIRECTOR. This Limited Warranty is given in lieu of all other warranties, whether expressed or implied. The remedies contained herein are the only remedies available for breach of this Limited Warranty. Schluter Systems excludes and in no event shall have any liability for any indirect, special, incidental, punitive, exemplary, or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising out of or otherwise connected to failure of a Thin-Set System. This Limited Warranty extends only to the Owner and is not transferable or assignable unless authorized by written agreement and signed by the Schluter Systems Technical Services Director or otherwise prohibited by specific state or provincial law. This Limited Warranty gives you specific legal rights; some states and provinces do not allow disclaimers or other restrictions of implied warranties; some of the above disclaimers may not apply to you. No changes or modifications of any terms or conditions of this Limited Warranty are permitted unless duly authorized in writing by the Schluter Systems Technical Services Director.

MAKING A CLAIM: To make a claim under this Limited Warranty, the Owner must provide Schluter Systems with written notice within thirty (30) days of any alleged defect in a Thin-Set System covered by this Limited Warranty. Together with date and proof of purchase of such Thin-Set System and/or all of its components and name and address of all installers and all invoices related to the original installation, failing which this Limited Warranty shall have no legal effect. Schluter Systems reserves the right at its election and as a condition of this Limited Warranty to inspect the alleged failed and/or defective Thin-Set System.

All U.S. Claims shall be sent to: All Canadian Claims shall be sent to:
Schluter Systems L.P. Schluter Systems (Canada), Inc.
194 Pleasant Ridge Road 21100 chemin Ste-Marie
Plattsburgh, NY 12901-5841 Ste-Anne-de-Beaupre, QC H9X 3Y8

If there are any conflicting terms between any Written Materials, the most recently updated document shall be deemed to control.

In the event that Owner fails to provide such required invoices relating to the original installation, Schluter Systems shall pay Owner an amount equal to the average, reasonable costs of a comparable installation. If the parties fail to agree on such amount, such dispute shall promptly, and in the first instance, be submitted: (a) if a U.S. claim, to arbitration in Clinton County, New York, in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association, or (b) if a Canadian claim, in the Province of Quebec, Canada, in accordance with the ADRC Arbitration Rules. Any outcome of such arbitration proceeding shall be final and binding upon the parties hereto.
System warranty!

Labor and materials are covered when Schluter® heating cables are installed with DITRA-HEAT.
See complete warranty on page 36.